Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES G. BLAINE,

OF MAINE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN A. LOGAN,

OF ILLINOIS.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,

GEN. E. S. OSBORNE,

OF LUZERNE COUNTY.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

Chairman Barnum, of the Democratic committee, is an avowed free trader.

Cleveland, it is said, will not carry a single ward in his own city of Buffalo.

Cleveland's letter of acceptance is to be written by Hon. William Dorsheimer.

The periods of Grover Cleveland's speech were as round as a base ball and as polished as a mirror.

In Lawrence, Mass., the State of the "bolters," there is a Blaine and Logan club composed of upward of 60 Democrats.

The Democrats don't seem to be ashamed of the fact that Cleveland is incapable of writing his own letter of acceptance.

Thomas Adonis Hendricks never laid eyes on Mr. Cleveland until Thursday last. Cleveland has been visible to the public eye but a very short time.

The citizens of Cleveland, Ohio, are contemplating seriously the propriety of applying to the legislature for a change of charter name, because of that odious New York namesake.

The Greely Relief Expedition will have cost, when all is done, about $700,000. Nobody will begrudge the expenditure, but everybody will oppose anything calculated to make another such necessary.

The *Watchman*, too, is threatened with the Mulligan fever. It should not allow itself to get so deeply interested in this matter, however, as to forget that the character of its nominee for the presidency is under a very black cloud at present.

Cleveland begins to wish he had read that speech from manuscript instead of speaking from memory. He believes that if he had done so it would have contained some more startling information than the mere announcement, "I am a Democrat."

Some unknown person has presented the English Wesleyan Conference with a library of 30,000 volumes. This is a case of keeping the left hand in ignorance of the right hand's doings that is as refreshing as it is rare in these degenerate days.

The Republicans will carry West Virginia by a large majority at both the State and National elections. The Democratic State candidates are exceedingly unpopular while those nominated by the Republicans are enthusiastically received. This is an accession to Blaine's strength not included in the estimates heretofore.

Governor Cleveland says: "I do not at this moment congratulate myself upon the distinguished honor which has been conferred upon me, because my mind is full of an anxious desire to perform the part which has been assigned to me." The poor man may dismiss all anxiety at once. Mr. Blaine, an old favorite with the people, will play that part, it being entirely too important to be taken by such a tyro as Mr. Cleveland.

A Republican's Duty.

Before the Republican National Convention assembled we devoted much space for weeks to the duty of urging Republicans to attend the primary elections and send delegates of their choice to the county convention. Quite generally, they acceded to our desire, and the result was in Centre county and throughout Pennsylvania harmonious and enthusiastic county meetings, in which the people's desires were expressed with an emphasis not known before in many years. We believed that such a movement among the honest, loyal, conscientious masses of the party would result in the nomination of Hon. James G. Blaine, of Maine, for President, and the result shows that our expectation was well founded.

In everything, the National Convention met our confident anticipations. It was an ideal convention. It is not to be supposed that everybody will have the same opinions, and there was a lively and interesting fight between the opposing adherents of the individual candidates. The battle waged fiercely because there were and are many men in our party whose talents and public services eminently fit them for the loftiest office in the bestowal of their ardent admirers. No party that ever existed could number among its members such a lustrous array of talent Arthur's signally notable and eminently wise term of administration, praised alike by all parties, merited the warmest gratitude and highest reward; Edmunds, the lofty, dignified statesman, whose superior is not to be found in any nation or among any people, elicited then, as he always will, thorough respect of all right thinking people; and then there was a splendid array of other brilliant Republicans, any one of whom, as chief magistrate, could have continued the exalted career of this country with undimmed splendor.

But during a period of many years there was one figure who attracted special attention; who by reason of his brilliant mind, bold and unfaltering devotion to American principles and undaunted determination in enforcing them, attracted all eyes to him in admiration. Like the great Kohinoor among ordinary diamonds, he was the choice of all right-minded persons, only those who permit prejudice to influence them, or who are not true Americans in principle, withholding from him this regard. It is not strange, then, that the choice of Blaine was made; and a thrill of joy such as was never before experienced when a candidate was named permeated every loyal heart when electricity told the news. All divisions in Republican ranks at once came together, and the Republican party, like the Union, is now one and inseperable. That faction denominated as "bolters" have not a tithe of Republican principle about them. They believe in free trade, which is not Republican; they believe in minority rule, which is not Republican; and they show by their actions a disposition to entrust the government to the party that has no settled principles of action, which is not Republican. Therefore, we can dismiss these bolters without regret, happy to be free from such a dangerous and discordant element.

But one by one, the discontented ones are returning to the true fold, seeing their error. The defection in the Democratic ranks is enormous, and is general, while all Republican disaffection is confined to New York City and Boston. There are ten Democrats dissatisfied with Cleveland, where one who calls himself a Republican can be found to breathe a word against Blaine. A wonderful victory for the Republicans is sure, but to make it more pronounced let every Republican work every day for the success of his party candidates. The enemy is using slander and misrepresentation wherever he can find a listening ear. It should be our pride to make Blaine's majority greater than that of any preceding Republican candidate. With the same determination and activity on the general election day that was shown at the county primaries this grand result will be attained.

Paragraphic Comment.

Blaine has been invited to Long Branch for the summer, but he wants to keep away from salt water as long as possible.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

On the other hand Cleveland should by all means accept his invitation and go. He's "too fresh."

George William Curtis now tranquilly eats the Cleveland pie.—*N. Y. Mail.*

No, not tranquilly. The Hendricks cockroach under the crust makes him gag.

It is a mistake to suppose that Mr. Blaine is the choice of a majority of the Republican party.—*Henry Ward Beecher.*

Evidently Mr. Beecher has not been away from home lately, and has only found time to listen to the scandal-mongers. We are also inclined to believe, though we regret to say it, that prejudice has something to do with his political opinions. Mr. Beecher should clean the chaff from his eyes, or confine himself strictly to the pulpit.

This is to be a campaign in which character of candidates, not party principles, is to be considered.—*George William Curtis.*

How comes it, then that we find you villifying the name of Blaine and supporting for president a man against whom the blackest charges have been made, without refutation, concerning his private history? Answer this, Mr. Curtis, or stand convicted of shameful hypocrisy.

Can Mr. Blaine afford to have his private character exposed to public scrutiny?—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

Yes, sir. If you have any remarks to make on that subject, proceed. Nothing the *Patriot*, or any other paper of its class, can say, will harm James G. Blaine nor lose him one vote.

To him (Blaine) Grover Cleveland presents the strongest possible contrast.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

Yes, so he does. As much of a contrast as exists between mud and gold, or between statesmanship and ignorance. Intellectually, Grover Cleveland will not come up to Mr. Blaine's boot-tops. The *Patriot* shouldn't make comparisons so fatal to its candidate.

There was nothing brilliant in what was said by Governor Cleveland.—*New York Herald.*

Well, you wouldn't expect a know-nothing to be very brilliant, would you? A man who—but we will not say anything further, as this is the first time the *Herald* has told the truth in six months.

One great good will come out of this campaign.—*Democratic Campaign Circular.*

Yes—the final burial of the Democratic party, and the strangling of the Free Trade viper.

The Democrats are trying to excuse themselves for having through their representatives in Congress steadily and strenuously opposed all efforts to stamp out the Mormon vice by falling back upon the plea that Brigham Young was an appointee not of the Democratic but of the old Whig party. This is enough to make one doubt the truth of the common saying that a poor excuse is better than none. If the Democrats have nothing better than this to offer in their defence they should remain silent. Unfortunately for them they cannot get over the fact that they have opposed legislation directed against Salt Lake polygamy. They have done so because they justly apprehend that under normal conditions Utah would be a Republican State, and because so long as polygamy is practiced as at present its admission to the Union will be out of the question. They are willing and anxious to perpetuate polygamy for the sake of preventing an increase in the number of States supporting Republican government. That is their idea of statesmanship.

The *Watchman* of last week contains an abusive article on General Logan under the head of "More Moustache than Brains." Those who read it will no doubt arrive at the conclusion that the writer had more stomach than brains.

A Denial from Mr. Blaine.

We believe the *Watchman* was one of the Democratic papers which circulated rumors to the effect that Mr. Blaine is an owner in the coal companies of the Hocking Valley, Ohio, where the strikes are in progress. The Hon. H. S. Bundy, of Cincinnati, acquainted Mr. Blaine with these rumors, and received the following reply, which effectually disposes of all the charges:

Bar Harbor, Me., July 22, '84.

"*The Hon. H. S. Bundy:*

"Dear Sir: In answer to your recent favor I beg to say that I am not and never have been the owner of any coal lands or iron lands, or lands of any character whatever in the Hocking Valley or in any part of Ohio. Nor have I at any time owned a share of stock in any coal, iron or land company in the State of Ohio. Five years ago I loaned $12,500 to a member of the Standard Oil Company and took the bonds of the company as collateral. I shall be happy to transfer the bonds to any gentleman who is ambitious to pay the debt. I am interested in coal lands in Pennsylvania and in West Virginia, but there has never been the slightest trouble with laboring men in any enterprise with which I have been connected. This, I believe, covers all the points of your inquiry.

"Very sincerely,

James G. Blaine."

The veto of the Five-cent Fare bill, says the Rochester *Union*, a Democratic paper, was against and directly in the teeth of constitutional principle and public policy. The Constitution of the State of New York expressly declares as condition precedent of the formation of corporations, that the charter of every corporation shall be held subject to "alteration from time to time or repeal" by the law making power; and the Court of Appeal of the State of New York and the Supreme Court of the United States have affirmed the right of the law making power to so alter or repeal. The principle of the veto denies this and argues in favor of the corporation theory that charters of corporations are in the nature of contracts between the State and the corporations, and that the corporations, not the State, are master. There is not an anti-monopolist—there is not a true Democrat in the United States who can approve of that veto and doctrine, or support for public office any man who approves of them.

W. A. Babcock, of Rochester, N. Y., says that "during the Garfield-Hancock campaign a Hancock club 380 strong, was organized in that city. This year 320 of the club have signed a pledge to support the Republican ticket. You see that white cape and blue-rimmed cap," spreading the articles out on the bed in his room; "Well, the firm I represent, Odenback & Slade, of Rochester, have furnished 320 such uniforms for the club. That's good evidence, isn't it? The organization is to be called the Hancock Blaine Club. In Buffalo out of 660 members of a former Hancock club 520 have pledged themselves to vote for Blaine and Logan. With such indications I think my prediction of 50,000 for the Republican electoral ticket in New York a pretty safe one."

The first reception of the news of Cleveland's nomination in Ohio was in striking contrast to that of the nomination of Blaine. Republicans went wild with delight when they heard that Blaine was the nominee. Bells were rung, clubs were formed and bonfires blazed in every hamlet the night of the nomination. The news of Cleveland's nomination was received by the Democrats with lowering brows, ominous shakes of the head and expressions of disgust. Prominent Democrats openly cursed McLean and Hoadly for selling out Thurman, and ended in declaring that they would never support Cleveland.

Chairman Hensel should send a committee to straighten things out in the Harrisburg *Patriot* office. That cranky sheet seems to have bolted the Democratic ticket, and comes out for Mulligan.

The extraordinary animosity against physicians displayed by the ignorant classes at Marseilles has been explained. It seems that they have become possessed of the idea that the physicians are under orders to help along the deadly work of the epidemic, in order that some small part of a superabundant population may be swept out of existence. There are some cheerful theorists who hold that war and pestilence are necessary evils, to be accounted as blessings in disguise, because they keep down a population which might otherwise increase beyond the food-producing capacity of the civilized world, and it may well be that the after-effects of the cholera in the south of France may be beneficial in a variety of ways. But public opinion has not yet been educated to so sublime a pitch of scientific indifference as to sanction the deliberate extinction of superfluous or undesirable lives except on the field of battle, and the apprehension felt by these poor people at Marseilles is a singular example of the possibilities of ignorant credulity.

That Mr. David Davis should have determined to cast his influence and his vote in the support of Messrs. Blaine and Logan, though not surprising in view of the intelligence and of the matured experience of the ex-Senator from Illinois, is yet a suggestive and significant fact. That Mr. Davis is a thoroughly conscientious man no one will deny, and every one will be prepared to credit him with having in a pre-eminent degree the courage of his opinions. He was the great original Independent, and as he owes allegiance to neither of the parties, though his leanings have hitherto been toward the Democratic side, he was in a position to follow his own judgment with perfect freedom and propriety. He has done so, and the result is that the Republicans have gained a recruit. Perhaps if he had been a free-trader his decision would have been different.

Congressman Burrows, of Michigan, in a speech delivered at Philadelphia recently, among other good things, said the following:

"Foes may assail James G. Blaine, but they cannot overcome him, and the shafts of slander will be shattered upon his burnished shield. If a cuticle could compass the entire Democratic party there would'nt be room enough on its cowardly back to tattoo its disgraceful record. Mr. Blaine has convictions born of courage. It is to be hoped that he may be sufficiently aggressive to protect a free ballot, to protect American industries. By the side of Blaine stands the intrepid leader of the soldier in war and his unwavering friend in peace. These leaders will guide the nation to a yet greater prosperity."

An amusing attempt is being made by a number of Democratic statesmen, both East and West, to create the impression that Cleveland is a strong and popular candidate in Ohio. The fact is patent, and is generally admitted by fair-minded Democrats, that no presidential nomination was ever received by the Ohio Democrats with such hopeless apathy. The fact is there was not the least trace of Cleveland sentiment in Ohio before the Convention. No one wanted Cleveland, and, now the Democratic party has nominated him, he is simply a dead weight.

The statement is reiterated that Butler, while at Chicago, was expressly offered the Secretaryship of the Treasury if he would transfer his support to Cleveland. Butler's refusal is accounted for on the theory that he is irrevocably opposed to dealing in futures of such desperately uncertain character.

This noble sentiment is from the pen of James Gillespie Blaine: "He who corrupts suffrage strikes at the very root of free government. He is the arch enemy of the Republic. He forgets that in trampling upon the rights of others he fatally imperils his own rights."

General Notes.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt's last bonnet cost $150.

A cyclone at Edington, N. C., destroyed several buildings.

Free Masonry, the world over, embraces 14,160,543 members.

Florida now rejoices in the possession of 1202 miles of railroad.

A 15-year-old boy, living at Centreville, Mo. weighs 200 pounds.

Two girls are to sail a yacht in the regetta at New London, Conn.

A Philadelphia man died from the effects of eating a whole watermelon.

The discovery of a bed of solid salt has excited the residents of Perry, N. Y.

The receiver of the Marine bank (New York) is paying a 15 per cent. dividend.

There are said to be but five genuine signatures of Shakespeare in existence.

The number of tax paying Indians has more than doubled in the last decade.

There are 53 miles of wood pavement in London. The streets in that city aggregate 1,966 miles.

The Duluth and Iron Range Railroad, Minn., is completed from Agate Bay to Vermillion Iron Mines.

The cars on 20 miles of the most important street railways of Philadelphia will soon be propelled by cables.

A cyclone passed over Terra Haut, Ind., Saturday afternoon, July 26, and demolished trees and small buildings.

A cable is to be laid between Brazil and New Orleans, to work in connection with the Bennet-Mackey cable.

The 10th World's Conference of the Young Men's Christian Association is to be held in Berlin, August 20-24.

The crops in Eau Claire county, Wis., were damaged by hailstones measuring six and eight inches in diameter.

Christian Fair, a wealthy farmer, near Wooster, O., and his wife, were bound and robbed by three masked men.

There is not a single wax match factory in the United States. They are all made in England, France and Italy.

The Council of Ottawa, Canada, has fixed a tax of 50 cents on each package of exported spirits or other liquors.

A leper who has lived in Boston for seven years has been under the constant surveillance of the Board of Health.

A diseased chicken eaten by some persons at Bloomsburg, N. J., made all very sick, and it is feared some of them will die.

The corner-stone of the Bartholdi statute will be laid in New York, with appropriate ceremonies, on Tuesday, August 5.

Germany is the largest sugar producing country of Europe. It has 357 refineries, and it produces over 800,000 tons a year.

The gas lights in Washington City went out Saturday evening, July 26, and the city was saved from total darkness by electric light.

An exchange says the common house flies act as agents in carrying disease, and there appears to be no practicable remedy.

One hundred and forty tons of chloride of lime is used daily in London for the purpose of deodorizing the outlets of the sewers.

A bull dog valued by his owner at $1,000, was recently shot at Gravesend, N. Y., because he had drawn blood from a boy's finger.

A clause in the laws of Springfield, O., allows the city authorities to close saloons at 10 p. m. The Mayor has decided that it is invalid.

A tramp who was fatally injured on the railroad near Erie, Pa., had $500 on his person, which he directed to be sent to his sister in England.

Yale College chapel has been built for 50 years, and during that time has had two roofs of wood. During the summer vacation it is to have a new tin roof.

Wolves are not extinct in Virginia. George Beamer killed one more than five feet long on July 25 near Salem. Many sheep had been missed in that neighborhood.

When a Chinaman in San Francisco goes crazy his almond-eyed friends ship him back to the Flowery Kingdom. They have as much horror of American asylums as of American jails.

In the matter of campaign songs, the Blaine and Logan composers are away ahead of their opponents. Copyrights on 125 Blaine songs have already been issued, and but 60 for Cleveland and Hendricks.

Blaine is the name of a new post office in Logan county, Ark. There is only one Hendricks county in the United States, and it is situated in Indiana. There is a post office named Tilden near Memphis.

Rattlesnake stories are always plenty in July and August, but the New Jersey woman that killed five of the reptiles in her dooryard and made a necklace of their fifty-one rattles gets a long lead on other narrators.

The friends of Dr. White, of Queen Anne's county, Md., claim that he is the oldest living graduate of West Point. Dr. White is 85 years old, and graduated in the first class that graduated at the United States Military Academy.

Of the 1,200,000 surviving soldiers of the late war, it is estimated that 280,000 reside west of the Mississippi, and of this class who are pensioners there has been an increase since 1873 of 278 per cent., due almost entirely to emigration.

It has just been proven that Hicks Pacha was the victim not only of the Mahdi's superior numbers, but also of his treachery. For a week before he was decoyed into the fatal gorge Hicks had daily interviews with the Mahdi's agents.

Henry Roirdan, a baker on the steamship France, fell into a basement in New York on Tuesday, July 29, and was shot by Michael Curry, a shoemaker, about 70 years old, who supposed he was a burglar. Roirdan will die and Curry is in jail.

Poetry.

WHERE THE HURT IS.

LANGUAGE FROM GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

Republican, and free man too,
I entered that Convention;
The subsequent proceedings—whew!—
They beggar further mention.
The people there the populace,
The men who chirped for Blaine,
Rose boldly up before my face
And jumped on me again.
Yes, verily, on me they sat,
And that is where the hurt is:
All vain and useless was the chat
Of yours, G. William Curtis!

Republican, and free man too,
I entered that Convention;
And bald "What Is It" I withdrew—
Such was not my intention.
I piped, and yet they wouldn't dance;
I fanned the Edmunds ember;
Geo. William Curtis couldn't make 'em prance;
They'll rue this in November,
For Nast is with me heart and soul;
But that is where the hurt is:
Nast takes the doughnut—and the hole
Is left for Mr. Curtis!

Republican and free man, I
Went into that Convention;
A bolter and a kicker high
I fled with apprehension.
Republicans and free men true
Elected me to go there;
But now I trip to the tattoo—
Puck's last recruit from Nowhere.
The Harper's too, are hounding me,
And that is where the hurt is:
I'm rattled, groggy, all at sea—
You poor, "dependent" Curtis!

—*Dick Steele in Chicago Tribune.*

THE LITTLE ONES.

How old is Mary Anderson
That people call her queen?
Is she, like good Victoria,
One hundred and thirteen?

Oh, no, my son, about as old
As I was, at her age,
But people never grow who go
Play acting on the stage.

And the "boy preacher," Harrison,
Is he so youthful, then?
And does he wear short jackets now
Like me and cousin Ben?

Oh, no, my son, although his age
Is rather hard to fix;
I heard him preach in Louisville
In eighteen forty-six.

And the "child violinist," then,
The youngest star alive?
Great Scott! he played with Ole Bull
In eighteen twenty-five.

GEN. LOGAN'S LETTER.

Acceptance of the Second Place on the Republican Ticket.

The following is General Logan's letter of acceptance:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19, 1884.

DEAR SIR: Having received from you on the 24th of June the official notification of my nomination by the National Republican Convention as the Republican candidate for vice president of the United States, and considering it to be the duty of every man devoting himself to the public service to assume any position to which he may be called by the voice of his countrymen, I accept the nomination with a grateful heart and a deep sense of its responsibilities, and if elected shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

This honor, as is well understood, was wholly unsought by me. That it was tendered by the representatives of the party in a manner so flattering will serve to lighten whatever labors I may be called upon to perform.

Although the variety of subjects covered in the very excellent and vigorous declaration of principles adopted by the late Convention prohibits, upon an occasion calling for brevity of expression, that full elaboration of which they are susceptible, I avail myself of party usage to signify my approval of the various resolutions of the platform and to discuss them briefly.

PROTECTION TO AMERICAN LABOR.

The resolutions of the platform declaring for a levy of such duties "as to afford security to our diversified industries and protection to the rights and wages of the laborer, to the end that active and intelligent labor, as well as capital, may have its just award and the laboring man his full share in the national prosperity," meet my hearty approval.

If there be a nation on the face of the earth which might, if a desirable thing, build a wall upon its very boundary line, deny communion to all the world and proceed to live upon its own resources and productions, that nation is the United States. There is hardly a legitimate necessity of civilized communities which cannot be produced from the extraordinary resources of our several states and territories, with their manufactories, mines, farms, timber lands and water-ways.

This circumstance, taken in connection with the fact that our form of government is entirely unique among the nations of the world, makes it utterly absurd to draw comparisons between our own economic systems and those of other governments, and especially to attempt to borrow systems from them. We stand alone in our circumstances, our forces, our possibilities and our aspirations.

In all successful government it is a prime requisite that capital and labor should be upon the best terms, and that both should enjoy the highest attainable prosperity. If there be a disturbance of that just balance between them, one or the other suffers, and dissatisfaction follows, which is harmful to both.

The lessons furnished by the comparatively short history of our own national life have been too much overlooked by our people. The fundamental article in the old Democratic creed proclaimed almost absolute Free Trade, and this, too, no more than a quarter of a century ago. The low condition of our national credit, the financial and business uncertainties and general lack of prosperity under that system can be remembered by every man now in middle life.

Although in the great number of reforms instituted by the Republican party sufficient credit has not been publicly awarded to that of tariff reform, its benefits have, nevertheless, been felt throughout the land. The principle underlying this measure has been in process of gradual development by the Republican party during the comparatively brief period of its power, and today a portion of its antiquated Democratic opponents make unwilling concession to the correctness of the doctrine of an equitably adjusted protective tariff by following slowly in its footsteps, though a very long way in the rear.

The principle involved is one of no great obscurity, and can be readily comprehended by any intelligent person calmly reflecting upon it. The political and social systems of some of our trade competing nations have created working classes miserable in the extreme. They receive the merest stipend for their daily toil, and, in the great expense of the necessities of life are deprived of those comforts of clothing, housing and health-producing food with which wholesome mental and social recreation can alone make existence happy and desirable.

EVILS OF FREE TRADE.

Now, if the products of those countries are to be placed in our markets, alongside of American products, either the American capitalist must suffer in his legitimate profits or he must make the American laborer suffer in the attempt to compete with the species of labor above referred to. In the case of a substantial reduction of pay, there can be no compensating advantages for American labor, because the articles of daily consumption which he uses—with the exception of articles not produced in the United States and easy of being specially provided for, as coffee and tea—are grown in our own country, and would not be affected in price by a lowering in duties. Therefore, while he would receive less for his labor, his cost of living would not be decreased. Being practically placed upon the pay of the European laborer, our own would be deprived of facilities for educating and sustaining his family respectably; he would be shorn of the proper opportunities of self-improvement and his value as a citizen, charged with a portion of the obligations of government, would be lessened; the moral tone of the laboring class would suffer, and in turn the interests of capital and the well-being of orderly citizens in general would be menaced, while one evil would react upon another until there would be a general disturbance of the whole community. The true problem of a good and stable government is, how to infuse prosperity among all classes of people—the manufacturer, the farmer, the merchanic and the laborer alike. Such prosperity is a preventative of crime, a security of capital, and the very best guarantee of general peace and happiness.

The obvious policy of our Government is to protect both capital and labor by a proper imposition of duties. This protection should extend to every article of American production which goes to build up the general prosperity of our people. The National Convention, in view of the special dangers menacing the wool interests of the United States, deemed it wise to adopt a separate resolution on the subject of its proper protection. This industry is a very large and important one. The necessary legislation to sustain this industry upon a prosperous basis should be extended.

No one realizes more fully than myself the great delicacy and difficulty of adjusting a tariff so nicely and equitably as to protect every home industry, sustain every class of American labor, promote to the highest point our agricultural interests, and at the same time to give one and all the advantages pertaining to foreign productions not in competition with our own, thus not only building up our foreign commerce, but taking measures to carry it in our own bottoms.

Difficult as this work appears, and really is, it is susceptible of accomplishment by patient and intelligent labor, and to no hands can it be committed with as great assurance of success as to those of the Republican party.

OUR MONETARY SYSTEM.

The Republican party is the indisputable author of a financial and monetary system which, it is safe to say, has never before been equaled by that of any other nation. Under the operation of our system of finance the country was safely carried through an extended and expensive war, with a national credit which has risen higher and higher with each succeeding year, until now the credit of the United States is surpassed by that of no other nation, while its securities, at a constantly increasing premium, are eagerly sought after by investors in all parts of the world.

Our system of currency is most admirable in construction. While all the conveniences of a bill circulation attach to it, every dollar of paper represents a dollar of the world's money standards, and as long as the just and wise policy of the Republican party is continued there can be no impairment of the national credit. Therefore, under present laws relating thereto, it will be impossible for any man to lose a penny in the bonds or bills of the United States or in the bills of the national banks.

The advantage of having a bank note in the house which will be as good in the morning as it was the night before, should be appreciated by all. The convertibility of the currency should be maintained intact, and the establishment of an international standard among all commercial nations, fixing the relative values of gold and silver coinage, would be a measure of peculiar advantage.

FOREIGN COMMERCE AND RELATIONS.

The subjects embraced in the resolutions respectively looking to the promotion of our inter-state and foreign commerce and to the matter of our foreign relations are fraught with the greatest importance to our people.

In respect to the inter-state commerce, there is much to be desired in the way of equitable rates and facilities of transportation, that commerce may flow freely between the states themselves, diversity of industries and employments be promoted in all sections of the country and that the great granaries and manufacturing establishments of the interior may be enabled to send their products to the seaboard for shipment to foreign countries, relieved of vexatious restrictions and discriminations in matters of which it may emphatically be said: "Time is money;" and also of unjust charges upon articles destined to meet close competition from the products of other parts of the world.

As to our foreign commerce, the enormous growth of our industries and our surprising production of cereals and other necessaries of life imperatively require that immediate and effective means be taken, through peaceful, orderly and conservative methods, to open markets, which have been and are now monopolized largely by other nations. This more particularly relates to our sister republics of Spanish America, as also to our friends the people of the Brazilian empire.

The Republics of Spanish America are allied to us by the very closest and warmest feelings, based upon similarity of institutions and government, common aspirations and mutual hopes. "The Great Republic,' as they proudly term the United States, is looked upon by their people with affectionate admiration and as the model for them to build upon, and we should cultivate between them and ourselves closer commercial relations, which will bind all together by the ties of friendly intercourse and mutual advantage. Further than this, being small commonwealths, in the military and naval sense of the European powers, they look to us as at least a moral defender against a system of territorial and other encroachment which, aggressive in the past, has not been abandoned at this day. Diplomacy and intrigue have done much more to wrest the commerce of Spanish America from the United States than has legitimate commercial competition.

Politically we should be bound to the republics of our continent by the closest ties and communication by ships and railroads should be encouraged to the fullest possible extent consistent with a wise and conservative public policy. Above all, we should be upon such terms of friendship as to preclude the possibility of national misunderstandings between ourselves and any of the members of the American Republican family. The best method to promote uninterrupted peace between one and all would lie in the meeting of a general conference or Congress, whereby an agreement to submit all international differences to the peaceful decision of friendly arbitration might be reached.

An agreement of this kind would give to our sister republics confidence in each other and in us, closer communication would at once ensue, reciprocally advantageous commercial treaties might be made, whereby much of the commerce which now flows across the Atlantic would seek its legitimate channels and inure to the greater prosperity of all the American commonwealths. The full advantages of a policy of this nature could not be stated in a brief discussion like the present.

FOREIGN POLITICAL RELATIONS.

The United States has grown to be a government representing more than 50,000,000 people, and in every sense, except that of naval power, is one of the first nations of the world. As such its citizenship should be valuable, entitling its possessor to protection in every quarter of the globe. I do not consider it necessary that our Government should construct enormous fleets of approved ironclads and maintain a commensurate body of seamen, in order to place ourselves on a war footing with the military and naval powers of Europe.

Such a course would not be compatible with the peaceful policy of our country, though it seems absurd that we have not the effective means to repel a wanton invasion of our coasts and give protection to our coast towns and cities against any power. The great moral force of our country is so universally recognized as to render an appeal to arms by us, either in protection of our citizens abroad, or in recognition of any just international right, quite improbable. What we most need in this direction is a firm and vigorous assertion of every right and privilege belonging to our Government or its citizens, as well as an equally firm assertion of the rights and privileges belonging to the general family of American republics situated upon this continent, when opposed, if they ever should be, by the different systems of Government upon another continent. An appeal to the right by such a Government as ours could not be disregarded by any civilized nation. In the treaty of Washington we led the world in the means of escape from the horrors of war, and it is to be hoped that the era when all international differences shall be decided by peaceful arbitration is not far off.

EQUAL RIGHTS OF CITIZENSHIP.

The central idea of a republican form of government is the rule of the whole people as opposed to the other forms, which rest upon a privileged class.

Our forefathers, in the attempt to erect a new government which might represent the advanced thought of the world at that period upon the subject of governmental reform, adopted the idea of the people's sovereignty and thus laid the basis of our present republic. While technically a government of the people, it was in strictness only a Government of a portion of the people, excluding from all participation a certain other portion held in a condition of absolute despotic and hopeless servitude, the parallel to which, fortunately, does not now exist in any modern Christian nation.

With the culmination, however, of another cycle of advanced thought, the American Republic suddenly assumed the full character of a government of the whole people, and 4,000,000 human creatures emerged from the condition of bondsmen to the full status of freemen, theoretically invested with the same civil and political rights possessed by their former masters. The subsequent legislation, which guaranteed by every title the citizenship and full equality before the law in all respects of this previously disfranchised people, amply covers the requirements and secures to them, so far as legislation can, the privileges of American citizenship. But the disagreeable fact of the case is that, while theoretically we are in the enjoyment of a government of the whole people, practically we are almost as far from it as we were in the ante-bellum days of the republic. There are but a few leading and indisputable facts which cover the whole statement of the case. In many of the Southern states the colored population is in large excess of the white. The colored people are Republicans, as are also a considerable portion of the white people. The remaining portion of the latter are Democrats.

In the face of this incontestible truth, these states invariable return Democratic majorities. In other states of the South the colored people, although not a majority, form a very considerable body of the population, and with the white Republicans are numerically in excess of the Democrats, yet precisely the same political result obtains—the Democratic party invariably carrying the elections. It is not even thought advisable to allow an occasional or unimportant election to be carried by the Republicans as a "blind" or as a stroke of finesse. Careful and impartial investigation has shown these results to follow the systematic exercises of physical intimidation and violence, conjoined with the most shameful devices ever practiced in the name of free elections. So confirmed has this result become that we are brought face to face with the extraordinary political fact that the Democratic party of the South relies almost entirely upon the methods stated for its success in national elections.

This unlawful perversion of the popular franchise, which I desire to state dispassionately and in a manner comporting with the proper dignity of the occasion, is one of deep gravity to the American people in a double sense; First: It is in violation, open, direct and flagrant, of the primary principle upon which our Government is supposed to rest, viz: That the control of the Government is participated in by all legally qualified citizens, in accordance with the plan of popular government; that majorities must rule in the decision of all questions. Second, it is in violation of the rights and interests of the states wherein are particularly centred the great wealth and industries of the nation, and which pay an over-whelming portion of the national taxes. The immense aggregation of interests embraced within, and the enormously greater population of these other states of Union, are subjected every four years to the dangers of a wholly fraudulent show of numerical strength.

Under this system minorities actually attempt to direct the course of national affairs, and though up to this time success has not attended their efforts to elect a president, yet success has been so perilously imminent as to encourage a repetition of the effort at each quadrennial election, and to subject the interests of an overwhelming majority of our people North and South to the hazards of illegal subversion.

The stereotyped argument in refutation of these plain truths is, that if the Republican element was really in the majority they could not be deprived of their rights and privileges by a minority; but neither statistics of population nor the unavoidable logic of the situation can be overridden or escaped. The colored people of the South have recently emerged from the bondage of their present political oppressors; they have had but few of the advantages of education which might enable them to compete with the whites.

As I have heretofore maintained, in order to achieve the ideal perfection of a popular government, it is absolutely necessary that the masses should be educated. This proposition applies itself with full force to the colored people of the South. They must have better educational advantages and thus be enabled to become the intellectual peers of their white brethren, as many of them undoubtedly already are. A liberal school system should be provided for the rising generation of the South, and the colored people be made as capable of exercising the duties of electors as the white people.

In the meantime it is the duty of the National Government to go beyond resolutions and declarations on the subject, and to take such action as may lie in its power to secure the absolute freedom of national elections everywhere, to the end that our Congress may cease to contain members representing fictitious majorities of their people, thus misdirecting the popular will concerning national legislation, and especially to the great end that, in presidential contests, the great business and other interests of the country may not be placed in fear and trembling, lest an unscrupulous minority should succeed in stifling the wishes of the majority.

In accordance with the spirit of the last resolution of the Chicago platform, measrues should be taken at once to remedy this great evil.

FOREIGN IMMIGRATION.

Under our liberal institutions the subjects and citizens of every nation have been welcomed to a home in our midst and, on a compliance with our laws, to a co-operation in our Government. While it is the policy of the Republican party to encourage the oppressed of all nations and offer them facilities for becoming useful and intelligent citizens in the legal definition of the term, the party has never contemplated the admission of a class of servile people who are not only unable to comprehend our institutions, but indisposed to become a part of our national family or to embrace any higher civilization than their own.

To admit such immigrants would be only to throw a retarding element into the very path of our progress. Our legislation should be amply protective against this danger, and, if not sufficiently so now, should be made so to the full extent allowed by our treaties with friendly powers.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The subject of civil service administration is a problem that has occupied the earnest thought of statesmen for a number of years past, and the record will show that towards its solution many results of a valuable and comprehensive character have been attained by the Republican party since its accession to power. In the partisan warfare made upon the latter, with the view of weakening it in the public confidence, a great deal has been alleged in connection with the abuse of the civil service, the party making the indiscriminate charges seeming to have entirely forgotten that it was under the full sway of the Democratic organization that the motto, "To the victors belong the spoils," became a cardinal article in the Democratic creed.

With the determination to elevate our governmental administration to a standard of justice, excellence and public morality, the Republican party has assiduously endeavored to lay the foundation of a system which shall reach the highest perfection under the plastic hand of time and accumulating experience. The problem is one of far greater intricacy than appears upon its superficial consideration, and embraces the sub-questions of how to avoid the abuses possible to the lodgment of an immense number of appointments in the hands of the executive; of how to give encouragement to and provoke emulation in the various Government employes, in order that they may strive for proficiency and rest their hopes of advancement upon the attributes of official merit, good conduct and exemplary honesty; and how best to avoid the evils of creating a privileged class in the Government service, who, in imitation of European prototypes, may gradually lose all proficiency and value in the belief that they possess a life calling, only to be taken away in case of some flagrant abuse.

The thinking, earnest men of the Republican party have made no mere wordy demonstration upon this subject, but they have endeavored to quietly perform that which their opponents are constantly promising, without performing.

Under Republican rule the result has been that, without engrafting any of the objectional features of the European system upon our own, there has been a steady and even rapid elevation of the civil service in all of its departments, until it can now be stated, without fear of successful contradiction, that the service is more just, more efficient and purer in all of its features than ever before since the establishment of our Government, and if defects still exist in our system, the country can safely rely upon the Republican party as the efficient instrument for their removal.

I am in favor of the highest standard of excellence in the administration of the civil service, and will lend my best efforts to the accomplishment of the greatest attainable perfection in this branch of our service.

REMAINING TWIN RELIC OF BARBARISM.

The Republican party came into existence in a crusade against the Democratic institutions of slavery and polygamy. The first of these has been buried beneath the embers of civil war. The party should continue its efforts until the remaining iniquity shall disappear from our civilization under the force of faithfully executed laws.

There are other subjects of importance which I would gladly touch upon did space permit. I limit myself to saying that while there should be the most rigid economy of governmental administration, there should be no self-defeating parsimony, either in our domestic or foreign service. Official dishonesty should be promptly and relentlessly punished. Our obligations to the defenders of our country should never be forgotten, and the liberal system of pensions provided by the Republican party should not be imperiled by adverse legislation.

The law establishing a labor bureau, through which the interests of labor can be placed in an organized condition, I regard as a salutary measure. The eight-hour law should be enforced as rigidly as any other.

We should increase our navy to a degree enabling us to amply protect our coast lines, our commerce, and to give us a force in foreign waters which shall be a respectable and proper representative of a country like our own.

The public lands belong to the people, and should not be alienated from them, but reserved for free homes for all desiring to possess them; and, finally, our present Indian policy should be continued and improved upon as our experience in its administration may from time to time suggest.

I have the honor to subscribe myself, sir.

Your obedient servant,
JOHN A. LOGAN.

To the Hon. John B. Henderson, chairman of the committee.

Short Temperance Talks.

BY MISS C. S. BURNETT.

No. 10.—What can I do?

Since the conscience of our Christian women has become aroused I am so often asked the above question. Dear sisters who read this article are you asking the same? Well, I cannot tell just what you can do, for I do not know the circumstances that surround you, but, I assure you there is something for you to do, and God will hold you responsible for the manner in which it is done. The poet truly says, "If you want a field of labor you can find it anywhere." I fear we often omit the good we might do in consequence of thinking of that which is out of our power to do. We wait and long for the opportunity to come, never thinking the present the right time to seek it. Carlyle says, "Our duty is not to see what lies dimly in the distance, but to do the work that lies clearly at hand." Let each anxious seeker after a field of labor offer this prayer: "Lord what wilt Thou have me to do," with special emphasis on me, and light will be given. I will suggest a few ways in which the humblest woman can work. You can subscribe for The Union Signal. You can read its pages, and become familiar with our work and the methods by which it is carried on. Here as elsewhere knowledge is power. One cannot be fully interested in what one partially understands. You become a member of our union, and add your mite and your influence to aid in carrying on the good work. You can early instil temperance truths into the minds of your children, or the young that come under your influence. You can give a temperance tract or card to the little waif on the street, or to that restless boy in your Sunday school class. A tract thus given arrested the attention of Judson and gave India her greatest missionary. You can speak a kind word to a fallen or tempted one. Such a word saved John B. Gough, and gave our cause its greatest worker and the world its greatest orator. You can invite some wayward one to Sabbath school. Such an invitation led to the conversion of Stephen Paxson, and gave America her greatest Sunday-school worker. Again I say, only become interested in the work and more ways will open than you can possibly enter. It is the little acts of our everyday life that tell most surely, if any act of a life so eventful as ours can be termed little.

Sisters, have you ever thought what a grand privilege it is to be a member of this wonderful army of women who are, in the majesty of their womanhood, marching against King Alcohol? Lord Nelson said to his soldiers on the eve of an eventful battle, "England expects every man to do his duty." So our leader has a right to expect as much of us. Let us not disappoint her.

All Sorts.

A great mind is formed by a few great ideas.

Charms strike the sight, but merit wins the soul.

Love lights more fires than hate extinguishes.

"I have a pressing engagement," remarked Adolphus, as he started to see his sweetheart.

The Midgets' Marriage: Although suitably matched, yet it is impossible that they can live long together!

The population of the Chinese Empire is officially announced as being 290,000,000 souls. It was popularly believed to be double as large.

The Boston *Herald* heads the market specials "Some movement in Flannels." We should say so. They are coming off with a rush.

A woman's excuse for joining the Mormons was that it was better to be the fifth wife of a man who could support her than to be the sole wife of the man who couldn't.

It is becoming so common to meet a bear in the vicinity of Lida, Otter Tail County, Minn., that parents are afraid to send their children alone through the streets.

"My daughter you ought to have some aim in life," said a father to his thoughtless 16 year-old. "O, I am going to, papa," was the enthusiastic reply. "I have got my beau already!"

Medical.

A SPECIFIC FOR THE **BLOOD,** AND A **Positive Cure** FOR **RHEUMATISM** **Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago.**

An infallible remedy for all diseases of the Skin and Blood, such as **Tetter, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples & Blotches,** and is the best Remedy for all **Female Complaints** and **Weaknesses.** It has cured diseases of the **Liver** and **Kidneys** when all other remedies have failed.

DO not let your Druggist persuade you to take something else, but if he has not got it, and will not send for it, write to us and we will send it to you by express, prepaid, on receipt of Price.

.....One to three bottles of Rheumatic Syrup will clear the system of Bile, and cure any case of Inflammatory or Acute Rheumatism, or Neuralgia.

.....Three to five bottles will cure Erysipelas in its worst form.

.....Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running Ulcers.

.....Four to six bottles are warranted to cure any case of Salt Rheum.

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.....From two to four months' use of Rheumatic Syrup will cure any case of Chronic Rheumatism of twenty years' standing.

If you have been a sufferer for years, and have used all the remedies you could hear of, with no avail, do not be discouraged, for Rheumatic Syrup will cure you.

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J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
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T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
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v15-n38-1y J. J. DELANEY, Proprietor.

THE WAIL OF A BROKEN HEART.

"Only a woman's heart,
Changeless as death,
Only the bitter smart
Of love bereft.
All that is left to me
Is bitter mockery,
Which will ever cling to me
While life is left.

"Does it appear to you,
The part you played
In a wretched woman's life?
Are you not afraid
That the woe and bitter pain
Planted in another's heart
May not return again,
And leave within your own
A lifelong smart?

"Oh, I hope you ne'er may know
The depth of bitter woe
That you have planted
In this aching breast;
May life still be to you
Happily blest
Is the earnest wish of one,
Who, though of hope bereft,
Still can wish to you
Of all the joys of life
The purest and best.

—*N. Y. Sun.*

Niagara and Watkins Glen.

An excursion has been arranged to Watkins Glen and Niagara Falls on August 19. The fare from Bellefonte will be $7.60. Passengers will depart on the 9.45 a. m. train and arrive at Watkins Glen at 3.45 p. m.

Tickets will be good going only on special train to Watkins, but from Watkins they will be good for passage at any time within ten days from date of issue, and good to stop off at any intermediate point going and returning.

The route from Watkins will be over the Nothern Central railway to Canadaigua, giving a beautiful view of Seneca Lake, thence to Niagara Falls over New York Central railroad.

The scenery over the entire route is not excelled for beauty and grandeur.

The train will be composed of elegant Eastlake coaches, and every effort will be made to make it an enjoyable trip.

Arrangements have been made for reduced rates at the hotels at Watkins and Niagara Falls, and for carriage hire and admission to all places of interest, so that persons may know just what it will cost before making the trip. The expense of the trip outside of the railroad fare will not exceed $8.

Only One Week of Court.

The legal fraternity are played out. The Fourth of July taxed their nerves to a very high tension and made them rush away to the summer resorts for refreshment and to await the Democratic convention. Hendricks and Cleveland again had a prostrating effect and to work off the disagreeable sensations thus produced they are engaging heart, body and soul in preparing for the veterans' encampment. When that is over, and the music of twenty brass bands shall have died away on the entranced ear, and the veterans' hurrahs shall have been subdued to silence, and the sham battle, fire works, foot ball, grand reception, etc., shall have become events of history, then the legal lights will plunge into a week of criminal court business. Whether they succeed in hanging all the offenders or let them off "scot free" does not enter into the present discusion; but one thing is certain, they won't be able to endure more than one week of court, so the second week of civil court will not be held. Jurors drawn for that week can stay at home and rest; their services will not be required. The lawyer will put in the week profitably composing campaign speeches, and the mighty questions of civil law will be compelled to wait a more convenient season for solution.

An Attempted Suicide.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Congressman Wm. W. Culbertson, of the Ninth Kentucky district, attempted suicide at the National hotel at 11 o'clock to-day, and the doctors fear his wounds will prove fatal. He fired five shots out of a 38-calibre Smith & Wesson revolver, aimed at the back of his head. But two of them took effect and neither penetrated his brain, although his skull has been fractured, and the surgeons say a blood clot is liable to form which will produce death. He expresses the hope that his wounds will kill him, and says that if these do not suffice he will yet put an end to himself The cause of the attempt at self. murder has not been ascertained.

The Tail of the Ticket.

SARATOGA, July 30.—Long before the hour arrived for the ceremony to take place the beautiful parlor of the Grand Union hotel was filled with ladies and gentlemen seated in a circle around the space reserved for the committee. At 2.10, amid loud applause from the assembled guests, the committee marched in and stood in a circle followed immediately after by Mr. Hendricks, who took his position in the centre of the group. Upon his arrival, Chairman Vilas delivered his address notifying Mr. Hendricks of his nomination.

Mr. Hendricks replied at length, accepting the nomination.

An Insurance President Killed.

MOBILE, Ala., July 28.—Colonel J. S. Murphy, a prominent citizen and president of the Mobile life insurance company, was shot dead last night by Reuben Tripp, near his residence in the lower part of the county. The trouble grew out of a question of trespassing on land. Tripp gave himself up. He claims that the killing was done in self-defense.

Medical, etc.

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Are you failing, try WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER, a pure, clean, wholesome
TONIC,
For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs. An Unequaled Invigorant. Cures
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Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for **TORPID LIVER** and **Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Malaria,** Leanness, Sexual Decline. $1.00 per bot., 6 for $5.00, at Druggists. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

BUCHU-PAIBA
Kidney and Urinary Cure
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Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy or Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fleur," each $1.
For SYPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, $1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilitic Pills, $2.00; and Chapin's Syphilitic Salve, $1.00. 6 bottles Syrup, 2 of Pills, 1 Salve, by Express on receipt of $10.00, or at Druggists.
E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

Songs Never Sung.

"How does that verse run? Something like this, isn't it?

"There are who touch the magic string,
And noisy fame is proud to win them;
Alas! for those who never sing,
But die with all their music in them."

"Yes, that's beautiful, pathetic and true," said your representative. "The poet alludes to people who are somehow suppressed, and never get their full allowance of joy and air. Which reminds me of a letter shown me the other day by Hiscox & Co., of New York, signed by Mr E. C. Williams of Chapman, Snyder Co., Pa., a prominent business man of that place. He writes:

"I have suffered with asthma for over forty years, and had a terrible attack in December and January, 1882. I hardly know what prompted me to take PARKER'S TONIC. I did so, and the first day I took four doses. The effect astonished me. That night I slept as if nothing was the matter with me, and have ever since. I have had colds since but no asthma. My breathing is now as perfect as if I had never known that disease. If you know of any one who has asthma tell him in my name that PARKER'S TONIC will cure it—even after forty years.'" There was a man who escaped the fate of those whom the poet laments.

This preparation, which has heretofore been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be advertised and sold under the name of PARKER'S TONIC. Inasmuch as ginger is really an unimportant ingredient, and unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger, we drop the misleading word.

There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all the bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC contain the genuine medicine if the fac simile signature of Hiscox & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 16 39 4t

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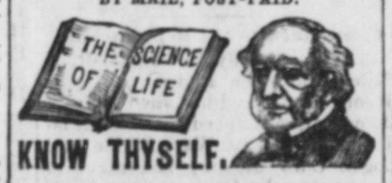
THE CROWNING GLORY
OF BASE BURNERS.
This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.
Immense Radiating Surface.
ALSO,
FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.
We would call your attention to
The Welcome Home Heaters,
DOUBLE AND SINGLE.
Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.
CALL AND SEE US.

For **Tetter, Ringworm, Erysipelas, Srofula, Pimples, Blotches Boils, Female Complaints,** and all diseases arising in or transmitted by the blood, use
Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher.
This celebrated Vegetable Compound has no equal, and is an infallible remedy when used as directed. Send for circular. For sale by all druggists.
16 27 4t R. E. SELLERS & CO., Propr's, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

The Science of Life. Only $1.00
BY MAIL, POST-PAID.


KNOW THYSELF.
A Great Medical Work on Manhood,
Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline in man, Errors of youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretion of excesses. A book for every man, young, middle aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic disease, each one of which is invaluable. Be found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers, full guilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense—mechanical, literary and professional—than any other work sold in this country for $250, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail, post paid. Illustrated sample 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.
The Science of Life should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—*London Lancet.*
There is no member of society to whom this book will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*
Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without HEAL THYSELF as instance of failure. 16-30-4t

Miscellaneous.

A Great Cause of Human Misery
IS THE LOSS OF
MANHOOD
A LECTURE on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y.
Post Office Box, 450. 16 1-1y

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE
AND PITTSBURGH CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—100 full Music Lessons for $18.
Distinct Schools of Liberal Arts, Music, Elocution, Modern Languages, etc. Central, Healthful, Thirty Teachers, Moderate charges. Thirtieth year opens Sept. 3rd. Before making engagements elsewhere send for new Catalogue to **DR. I. C. PERSHING,** Pittsburgh, Pa.
16 27 6t

A Prize. Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. 16-1y

$66 a week at home. $5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which persons of either sex, young or old, can make great pay all the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan8 1y

FITS STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nervous Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying expressage, charges on box when received. Send address, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.
16 27 1y

Miscellaneous.

In A MAN
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R'Y
By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."
A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.
All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.
15 40 1y

STAFFORD'S
EXTRA **BLACKING**
Gives a MORE BRILLIANT SHINE THAN ANY OTHER.
IN BOXES WHICH PREVENT SOILING THE HANDS.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.
S. S. STAFFORD,
New York.
16 28 4t

THE SPY OF THE REBELLION
By ALLAN PINKERTON, WHO WAS
Chief of the U.S. Secret service.

AGENTS WANTED For Our New Book.
The "SPY" is now selling by the *Tens of thousands!* No competition. Clear territory. The only book of its kind. Sells to merchants, farmers, mechanics and everybody. The "SPY" reveals many *secrets of the war never before published.* Thrilling narratives of PINKERTON'S SPIES, that ravged the address of our gigantic armies; a graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our FEDERAL SPIES in the Rebel Capital; daring forlorn hopes and heroic bravery are fully recounted in these vivid sketches and make it the most thrilling war book ever published. Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agents' testimonials. A large handsome book of 600 pages, with 80 illustrations.
☞ Sold only by our Agents. Can not be found in bookstores. We want one agent in every Grand Army Post and in every county in the U.S. Write for circular and special terms to agents.
G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.
16 29 8t

THE IDEAL BICYCLE
IDEAL IN PRICE AND FINISH.
Send For Descriptive List
H. B. HART, (81 ARCH ST.) PHILA. PA.
AGENTS WANTED.
16 27 3m

Medical.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?
Among the many symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion the most prominent are: Variable appetite; faint, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, with unsatisfied craving for food; heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration, headache, and constipation. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high-living and rapid-eating American people. Alcohol and tobacco produce Dyspepsia; also, bad air, rapid eating, etc. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will cure the worst case, by regulating the bowels and toning up the digestive organs. Sold everywhere.

Miscellaneous.

How Watch Cases are Made.
(*Continued from last week.*)
15-36-1y

In 1875, thirteen men comprised the entire working force used in the manufacture of the *James Boss Gold Watch Case.* Now over *five hundred* are employed, and the number is constantly increasing. The reason of this increase is this: In the *James Boss Gold Watch Case* all the metal in sight and subject to wear is *solid gold,* while the remainder, which only lends strength to the case, is of stronger metal than gold, giving gold where gold is needed, and strong, elastic metal where strength and elasticity are needed, a combination producing a watch case *better* than solid gold and at ONE-HALF the cost.

Over 200,000 of these cases have been sold, and every jeweler in the country can testify to their quality and merit.

LEWISTOWN, MIFFLIN, Dec. 5, 1882.
E. W. Marsh, of the *Democrat,* bought a *Jas. Boss* Gold Watch case 18 years ago, and carried it until a short time ago, when I purchased it, and sold it to a customer. The case showed no signs of wear, except that material to any case, and I am satisfied can be safely guaranteed for at least ten years more. I have sold the *James Boss* Gold Watch Case for many years, and the parties who bought the first ones are carrying them to-day, as well satisfied as though they had bought a solid gold case costing twice the money. I regard them as the only cases of this kind a jeweler should sell who desires to give his customers the worth of their money or values his reputation.
W. J. CORSWAT, *Jeweler.*

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how *James Boss'* and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(*To be Continued.*)

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pennsylvania.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted under head of "Local Notices and Other Items," at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free, exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year
1 inch (12 lin'this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements should be in early Monday morning.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

Our facilities for doing Job Work are equal to the best. Our assortment of type is almost unlimited, and we are constantly adding new styles as fast as they are made. We employ the very best workmen, use the most improved presses and the best quality of ink and stock manufactured. Our prices are as low as any firm or individual printer in the United States can afford to do work for. We guarantee good work at fair prices. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.

The Republican for 50 Cents.

The most interesting political campaign which this country has ever experienced has just commenced. Every man, woman and child in Centre county should read a reliable newspaper, and as the REPUBLICAN is the only paper of that sort in Centre county we will offer it to all new subscribers from July 23 until December 10 for the low price of **50 cents, STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.**

This reduction for this campaign is rendered more necessary by the fact that the recent Democratic legislature reduced the salaries of all employes and then stole money to pay themselves for extra and unnecessary time spent in—*doing nothing;* also because the Forty-eighth Congress refused necessary appropriations and reduced many others below their usual amount, and to add to their enormous crimes, attempted tariff legislation which prostrated business, closed factories, threw thousands of men out of employment and raised Cain generally. These Democratic measures have rendered many of our subscribers poorer than they otherwise would have been. Send in your names at once for the REPUBLICAN for the campaign of 1884.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Buried in the Ruins.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—The back part of the United States hotel, situated on Pennsylvania avenue, a short distance west of the capitol, fell in without warning this evening and buried in the ruins a number of people variously estimated at from seven to thirty. Details of disaster are not yet obtainable.

LATER.—Soon after the alarm was given a number of fire engines, hook and ladder companies and policemen reached the scene and immediately began the search for the unfortunate persons buried beneath the ruins. There were about forty-five persons in the hotel at the time the disaster occurred, including guests and employes, and it was impossible at first to ascertain how many were buried in the mass of debris. The cries and groans could be heard from the ruins, showing that all who were there imprisoned were not dead.

A large force of men went to work at once and in the course of an hour's earnest work a boy of 11 years of age and Annie Dickson, colored, chambermaid, were taken out both alive, but badly injured. In the meantime it had been ascertained that the number of persons buried in the ruins did not probably exceed seven. Mrs. Buding, wife of the proprietor, Mrs. Addie Fletcher, colored chambermaid, Solomon Wilson, colored, an employe named Harrison and H. Hall, colored cook, are still in the ruins and are believed to be dead.

The part of the building which fell contained chiefly rooms appropriated to the use of employes of the hotel, and it is believed that none of the guests have been either killed or injured. The United States is one of the oldest structures in the city and is said to have been for a long time in an unsafe condition.

Queen of the Turf.

CLEVELAND, O., August 3.—Saturday was a great day at the Driving park, on account of the rain interfering with the programme of the week. The sport began at 11 in the morning and continued without interruption until five races were finished. The attendance was large and the weather pleasant, except a short shower at 1 o'clock, and the track was good. At half-past 4, between the third heats of the pacing race and the 2:27 class trotting, Maud S was brought on the track, and after a little warming up, Wm. Bair, who was driving, nodded for a start and gave the mare her neck. She strode off in the smoothest conceivable manner, unattended by any horse to urge her along, and made the entire circuit like a perfect working machine. Without a skip she passed the first quarter post in 32½ seconds the half-mile in 1 minute 4½ seconds; the three-quarter post in 1 minute 36½ seconds; and for the whole mile the time given was 2 minutes 9½ seconds. Three gentlemen timed her in the judges' stand. David Bonner, of New York, made the time 2 minutes 9½ seconds; W. B. Fasig, secretary of the Cleveland Driving park, 9 3-5 seconds.

Disgraceful Affair in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 1.—The *Times'* Breckenbridge (Ky.) special says: Intelligence has reached this place of a shooting affair near Burns, this county, resulting in the instant death of Elisha Alexander, the serious wounding of his brother John, and the severe wounding of Mrs. Charlie Poole, a sister of Alexander, and the wife of one of the shooting party. The particulars are as follows: Charlie Poole had run away with Miss Alexander. Bad feeling was engendered between the families. The Alexanders threatened Poole's life. On Saturday young Poole and wife, accompanied by his brother John, attended a picnic in the adjacent neighborhood, and when returning home that afternoon, in order to cut off some distance, they turned into a field on Alexander's place, and were riding across it when the two Alexanders, young men, espied them from the house, and ran down to intercept them. Poole's party saw them coming, and having no doubt but that they were about to put their threat against Charles' life into execution, drew their revolvers. When the Alexanders came up and began abusing them for coming on the place they opened fire. Elisha Alexander received three balls in the neck, and was killed instantly. John was seriously wounded in the hip and lower part of the body, and Mrs. Poole was struck by a wild bullet and severely wounded.

Soldiers' Reunion.

DAYTON, O., July 31.—The weather yesterday was clear and the Grand Army day of the soldiers' reunion was ushered in with a salute of thirteen guns. Great crowds remained over from Tuesday, and the trains brought excursionists all night long. The streets were crowded and the influx of strangers continued. The depots were jammed with excursionists, and it is estimated that nearly 200,000 people were here to witness the proceedings. Ex-President R. B. Hayes, General Rosecrans, General Kennedy and others drove to the Soldiers' home and inspected 3,000 veterans drawn in line on the campus. Speeches were made by Rosecrans and Hayes, and the party returned to Dayton, where Music Hall was crowded. Messrs. Hayes, Rosecrans, Kennedy and Wood addressed the meeting. In the afternoon the procession of Grand Army veterans filled the streets, 2,500 men being in line, and many remained in the crowd to witness the parade. Some 25 bands filled the streets with music. In the evening the gunboat sham battle on the Miami river was a great success. Two flat boats, in imitation of gunboats carrying two guns each, stormed two forts of three guns each. Pyrotechnic bombs and red lights added to the scene of bombardment, and the forts fell from the attack of the land forces. In the evening General J. R. Hawley arrived and received an enthusiastic greeting.

Opposed to Doctors.

MARSEILLES, July 31.—The lower classes dislike and oppose the physicians because they have gotten the notion that the physicians have been instructed to help the cholera along in order to get rid of the surplus population. A paper read by a medical man in Berlin, lauding the cholera as sweeping off beings unfit for the struggle of existence, has been widely reproduced in France and has helped to prejudice the people against doctors and to confirm them in their belief that the government had adopted views similar to those of the Berlin essayist. An instance of the popular hostility towards the physicians occurred in this city yesterday. A doctor was going into the slums to attend a patient when he was confronted by a party of the sick man's neighbors armed with knives, who chased him away and prevented his ministering to the sufferer.

West Virginia Republicans.

The State Convention was held in Parkersburg on Wednesday. Judge Edwin Maxwell, the Greenback candidate, was nominated for Governor.

The ticket was completed in the same spirit by the nomination of J. H. Burt, of Ohio, for auditor; Spencer W. Sturm, of Marion, for treasurer; John A. Hutchinson, of Wood, for attorney-general; J. N. Kendall, of Ritchie, for school superintendent; W. H. H. Flick, of Berkeley, and J. H. Brown, of Kanawha, for Supreme Court, and John Frew, of Ohio, and John Cooper, of Fayette, for electors-at-large.

Riotous Glass-Workers.

BRADFORD, Pa., July 30.—A riot occurred at the glass works this afternoon, two non-union men being attacked and beaten by Unionists. One of the men was seriously injured. The police arrested four of the ringleaders. More trouble is feared. Vague rumors are afloat that an attempt will be made during the night to burn the glass works. Every precaution is being taken. Twenty non-union men arrived to-night. The most seriously injured man is the boss workman of the new gang and the gang can do nothing without him. He will probably lose the sight of both eyes.

Arrival of the Greely Party.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., August 1.—The Greely relief squadron arrived in sight early this morning. The Alliance put out at 4 a. m. from Portsmouth, with orders relative to hold a reception on Saturday, but Secretary Chandler has since changed the time, and appointed 1 p. m. to-day for the naval reception in the harbor. The programme as arranged for Saturday will be substantially carried out. Mrs. Lieutenant Greely arrived at noon, with General Hazen and party. Lieutenant Greely's mother is also here.

The Fire Record.

TROY, August 1.—Fire broke out this morning in the Delaware and Hudson railroad freigth house, on the wharf at Plattsburg, and spread to the freight house of the Plattsburg dock company. Both buildings were destroyed, with the freight stored therein. A number of loaded freight cars were burned, and the steamer Vermont was scorched. The storehouses filled with slate, owned by William & Vilsey, were consumed. The safe in the railroad office was destroyed, with the books. Loss, $40,000.

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—Fire this morning in the old rink at Twenty-third street, occupied by the Wanamaker furniture manufactory, burned four saloons; also, R. Hall's planing mill yard, a cigar store, and Howard's hotel. Loss, $100,000. Moorehouse Bros.' paper mill at Bradesburg was also burned this morning. It was insured for $35,000.

CHICAGO, August 1.—The *Daily News* Omaha special says the wholesale drug stock of Leighton & Clark was burned this morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $85,000.

UTICA, August, 1.—Ashley & Bailey's silk factory and the Fort Plain glove and mitten factory, at Fort Plain, were burned this morning. Loss, $40,000.

Married on Her Deathbed.

SCRANTON, July 31.—The dying request of Miss Jennie Freeman, daughter of Superintendent Freeman of the Pennsylvania Coal Company's Works, at Dunmore, was that her lover, Edward Mucklow, might be brought to her bedside so that their marriage could take place. Yesterday they were united in matrimony by the Rev. George Cory, pastor of the Dunmore Presbyterian Church, in the presence of the bride's father and sister.

Miss Freeman, who is about 25 years old, is the victim of consumption, and had willed considerable property, in money and stocks, to Mucklow, who will now be able to claim it with a husband's right. The doctors say that the bride cannot recover. She became unconscious shortly after the marriage ceremony, and her death is looked for at any moment.

Telegraphic Consolidation.

NEW YORK, July 31.—On and after August 1, 1884, the lines of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraphic Company, Postal Telegraph and Cable Company and the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company, excepting in Pennsylvania, will be operated under joint management, with the following officers in charge: David H. Bates, executive manager; Garrett S. Mott, general manager; James G. Smith, general superintendent Eastern Division, with headquarters in New York City, embracing territory East of the state of Ohio and including the Southern Company's lines; John E. Zeublin, general superintendent Western Division, with headquarters in Chicago, embracing territory West of and including the state of Ohio.

Going Back to the Republicans.

CLEVELAND, July 31.—Judge R. T. Paine, who was a Republican until Greely's time, and has since been a Democrat, announced his determination at the Second Ward Blaine and Logan Club meeting last night of renouncing the Democracy and voting for Blaine. In his speech he gave the reasons for his former flop and also for this one, declaring his inalienable right as an American citizen to vote as he pleased. He asserted that when the Democracy threw such men as Thurman, Randall, Bayard, and others overboard for Cleveland, it made a grave and irreparable mistake.

Belligerent Circus Men.

PORTSMUTH, N. H., August 3.—Friday night after the performance of O'Brien's circus, the circus employes ordered all persons off the grounds, enforcing their commands with tent stakes and stones, although no resistence had been offered. One lady was struck in the stomach with a large stone and severely injured, and a townsman had an arm broken. Several others were injured. Shooting was then resorted to, but the police broke up the row and arrested four of the circus men.

Damages from Storm.

BALTIMORE, July 31.—A severe wind and rain storm accompanied by thunder and lightning, visited this city and vicinity this afternoon. Houses in the more depressed part of the city were flooded and several buildings in course of construction on Carey street were blown down. Heavy iron awning posts were broken by the force of the wind. The storm was more severe than any for several years.

Robbed of $13,000.

PITTSBURG, July 31.—The *Chronicle-Telegraph's* Petrolia, Pa., special says: Yesterday afternoon three masked men entered the house of Rhody Boyle, a well-known farmer, living near St. Joe, and with a revolver compelled him to open his safe and give them thirteen thousand dollars in cash, after which they took to the woods, and have not yet been captured.

The Republican Birthday.

FARMINGTON, Me., July 30.—August the 19th has been fixed as the day for the grand celebration of the birthday of the republican party at Strong. Blaine, Hannibal Hamlin, Governor Morrell, Congressmen Boutelle and Dingley, ex-Governor Long and other distinguished guests will be present.

Twelve New Cardinals.

ROME, August 1.—The Papal Consistory has been officially fixed to meet in September. Probably twelve cardinals will be created. The superior of the Franciscan Brothers, of Brooklyn, is making a tour of Ireland to obtain recruits for the mission in America. The Archbishop of Oregon is appealing to the English Catholics for funds to establish new missions in Alaska and Vancouver's Island. Father Hogan, president of the College of St. Sulpice, in Paris, will soon sail for Boston, where he will found a seminary.

The Ocean Grove Camp.

OCEAN GROVE, N. J., July 31.—To-day was the anniversary of the founding of Ocean Grove and services were held this afternoon in Thompson square, the site of the first prayer meeting held here thirteen years ago. This evening a meeting was held in the tabernacle. To-morrow a three days' reunion of the members of the Christian Commission and the army chaplains of the late war, both Union and Confederate, will open, with Hon. George H. Stewart, of Philadelphia, the president, in the chair.

A $180,000 Fire at Emporium

DRIFTWOOD, August 3.—A fire at Eporium, the county seat of Cameron county, burned twenty-two buildings in the business portion of the place yesterday afternoon. Among the buildings destroyed are the Shives House, Hileman's drug store, the Central house, the opera house, Larabee & Co.'s store, and Hackenberg's clothing store. It is supposed that the fire originated through a defective flue in Hileman's store. The loss is probably $150,000 to $180,000. There is only a light insurance.

Apache Braves on the Warpath.

VAN BUREN, Texas, August 3.—About fifty Apache Indians are camped on a ranche belonging to A. R. Cox, seven miles from this station and fifteen miles from Sierra Blanca. These Indians broke from their reservation at Fort Stanton, New Mexico, and are on the warpath, killing and stealing cattle and horses. Serious trouble is apprehended. At 11 o'clock Friday night Captain McMurray and a company of state rangers left Murphysville for this place by a special train over the Texas and Pacific railroad.

The Camp at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—So far three western regiments, the Tenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth, with three companies of the Eighth and portions of other regiments, have arrived at the National Guards' camp, making about 1,800 men now here. The greater part of the guard will arrive to-night and to-morrow. With to-morrow strict camp discipline will begin. A provost guard was established in Gettysburg this afternoon and no guardsman will be allowed in town unless he has a pass.

Funeral of Thomas Dickson.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., August 1.—The funeral of the late Thomas Dickson will be held in Scranton, Pa., on Monday next, at 1:30 p. m. Superintendent Reasoner, of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, has ordered the depot flag to be placed at half mast. The station was tastefully dressed in mourning to-day.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

The Last of the Season.

The popular excursion of the 31st ultimo, having been well patronized, the Pennsylvania railroad announces the last one of these favorite excursions to Cape May and Atlantic City, on August 21st, by special train of their fine Eastlake cars, which are acknowledged to be the most comfortable in the country. This train will leave Pittsburgh on the above date at 8:35 a. m., eastern standard time, arriving at Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m., remaining over night and proceeding to the seashore the following morning, as follows: To Atlantic City at 8:50 and Cape May at 9 a. m. Tickets good to either point will be sold at the very low rates for the round trip and good for ten days as follows: Pittsburg, $10.00; Irwin, 10.00; Greensburg, 10.00; Uniontown, 10.00; Connellsville, 10.00; Latrobe, 10.00; Blairsville, 10.00; Indiana, 10.00; Butler, 10.00; Johnstown, 9.25; Cresson, 8.50; Altoona, 8.00; Tyrone, 7.65; Bellefonte, 8.65; Huntingdon, 7.10; Cumberland, 8.50; Bedford, 8.50; Mt. Union, 6.75; McVeytown, 6.50; Lewistown Junction, 6.00; Mifflin, 5.65; Newport, 5.00. At this season of the year the bathing, fishing and sailing is the finest, and we would advise all to take advantage of this last opportunity to indulge in this recuperative sport. For further particulars call on Agents of this Company, or address Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western District, 110 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

—Quite a long funeral cortege moved from the depot at 9.45 o'clock Friday morning. It followed the corpse of the little child of Dr. R. G. Curtin, of Philadelphia, which was brought to this place for interment. Rev. Mr. Hewitt officiated.

—Any person wanting a trotting buggy almost as good as new, for $45, inquire at News office.

The Authorized Pictorial Lives of Cleveland and Hendricks.

Announcement is made of the rapid completion of a pictorial work comprising the lives of the Presidential candidates on the Democratic ticket, written by the veteran author, Col. Frank Triplett, and published by N. D. Thompson & Co., St. Louis, Mo., and New York. This work is sold through agents exclusively. It is designed, not only to serve the popular taste and want in giving exhaustively the facts in the boyhood and manhood of the candidates—their private lives and public services—but to have a more enduring interest than the ordinary campaign book. To this end the publishers have engaged on the work a corps of skilled designers and engravers to elegantly and profusely illustrate the scenes and incidents in the lives of these eminent men now so prominently before the people. Personal anecdotes and reminiscences will constitute a leading and certainly a most entertaining and instructive feature of this timely work.

Col. Triplett has marked ability, and enjoys especial distinction as a biographical writer. While exhausting the recital of *facts*, his powers of analysis, and his keen insight into the philosophy of events and measures, give him special prominence among American writers of personal history. It is not too much to say that he is better prepared for the work in hand than any other American author.

The books from his pen, of which several have been published, have met the popular taste and been more than ordinarily successful. They have given him high rank among American authors and the public men of the day. This has given him unsurpassed facilities for procuring all the material for the work now in hand. As a book of fascinating interest, beauty and profuseness of illustration, and of comprehensiveness of *fact*, it will commend itself to *every voter*.

To the book agent this rare combination of authentic history, pictorial illustration and brilliant authorship will at once suggest the universal demand it will create, and also the advantages it has over the ordinary campaign book, and the grand opportunity it offers for profitable agency. We advertise it in another column.

—The approaching nuptials are announced of Miss Nora I. Brugger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Brugger, of Unionville, to Mr. W. F. Becker, to occur at 6 o'clock Thursday evening, Aug. 14, at the home of the bride's parents.

Why they Call Him "Old Man."

"Yes, that's sadly so," said Jenkins, "my hair is turning gray and falling out before its time. Use something? I would, but most hair restorers are dangerous." "True," answered his wife, "but Parker's Hair Balsam is as harmless as it is effective. I've tried it, and know. Give the Balsam a show and the boys will soon stop calling you 'Old Man Jenkins.'" It never fails to restore the original color to gray or faded hair. Richly perfumed, an elegant dressing.

Business Notices and Other Items.

—A representative of the Philipsburg *Journal* visited Bellefonte the other day and expresses himself as highly delighted with his experience here.

—Adam Hess, of Boalsburg, has become the authorized agent for S. A. Stover's Marble Works, at Bellefonte, for Harris township and vicinity. Give him your orders and you will receive satisfaction.

—Dr. T. R. Hayes, of this place, maintains his excellent reputation as a skillful gardner and among the most remarkable products of his garden this year are some very large specimens of the Early Rose potato. One showed us Monday morning measures 15½ inches around. Who can beat this mammoth tuber at this time of the year?

I would say to the citizens of Bellefonte and Centre county that I am agent for the Household sewing machine, the best machine offered for sale. Call at my tailor shop on Bishop street and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

july1 1w w4t* A. B. SNYDER.

—The readjustment of postmasters' salaries for this State for the fiscal year ending July 1, 1885, has been completed. The postmasters of the following offices will be reduced $100 in their salaries. Altoona, Bellefonte, Ebensburg, Hollidaysburg, Latrobe, Lewistown and Bedford; Sunbury is reduced $400.—*Altoona Tribune.*

ANY HOUSEKEEPER who sends at once the names of five married ladies, at same address, and 12 two-cent stamps for postage, will receive free for one entire year, a handsome, entertaining and instructive Domestic Journal, devoted to Fashions, Fancy Works, Decorating, Shopping, Cooking, and Household matters. Best paper published for ladies. Every housekeeper wants it. Regular price, $1.00. Must send now! Address, DOMESTIC JOURNAL, Nunda, N. Y. 16 30 3m

—Mr. W. Barnet LeVan, in a paper read before the Franklin Institute in May last, demonstrated that the distance between New York and Chicago, nine hundred and eight miles, can be run in seventeen hours via the Pennsylvania.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged. Sold by druggists. 16 30 1y

—The Lock Haven *Express* records the death on Thursday of Samuel Gardner, of that city, from hemorrhage. The sad event occurred at Madisonburg, where Gardner was staying at the time.

LADIES' MEDICAL ADVISOR.—A complete Medical Work for Women, handsomely bound in cloth and illustrated; postpaid for 10 two-cent stamps. Tells how to prevent and cure all diseases of the sex, by a treatment at home. Worth its weight in gold to every lady suffering from any of these diseases. Over 10,000 sold already. Address, NUNDA PUBLISHING CO., Nunda, N. Y. 16 30 3m

—Mr. William Bolenger, of Freeport, Illinois, met his death on Friday, July 25, by falling from a cornice of the Court House to the ground below. He was a painter and was at work on the building at the time. He was a native of this county, but went to Freeport with his parents at an early age.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is designed to meet the wants of those who need a medicine to build them up, give them an appetite, purify their blood, and oil up the machinery of their bodies. No other article takes hold of the system and hits exactly the spot like Hood's Sarsaparilla. It works like magic, reaching every part of the human body through the blood, giving to all renewed life and energy. $1 a bottle; six for $5.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE INDEPENDENT DRAGOONS.—We have received from Mr. T. F. Dornblaser a copy of an interesting volume entitled "Sabre Strokes of the Pennsylvania Dragoons in the War of 1861-65." Mr. Dornblaser is a Centre countian well known hereabouts, and is at present chaplain of Lincoln Post, G. A. R., Topeka, Kansas. The following appears on one of the opening pages: "In memory of the heroism of my Fallen Comrades of the Seventh Pennsylvania Veteran Volunteer Cavalry, this volume is affectionately inscribed by the author." The Dragoons were organized in Nittany Valley, this county, by Col. John Smith, several years prior to the outbreak of the Rebellion, as State Volunteers. When the war broke out they tendered their services to the Government, but the offer was not accepted, the War Department then having no use for more cavalry. Later, however, when Governor Curtin commissioned Col. Geo. C. Wynkoop to recruit the Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry, the Dragoons enlisted in the service of the United States. The book is written in a pleasing, entertaining style, and should, and no doubt will, have an extensive circulation in this section, especially among the soldiers and others familiar with the organization and career of the Independent Dragoons.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 5, 1884.

Red Wheat, per bushel	$ 95
Mixed Wheat	90
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	65
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$5 00
do prime to extra prime	5 50
do choice	6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	5 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	7
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	20
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	12
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 18
Country hams per pound	15
Hams, sugar cured	17
Country Bacon	10
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes (new), per bushel	75
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—10
Canned corn "	10—12½—12
Lemons per doz	30 to 40
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

Candidates are expected to pay for announcements in these columns strictly in advance.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY C. CAMPBELL, of Ferguson township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN C. HENDERSON, of Huston township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of ISAAC LOSE, Sr., of Bellefonte, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of HENRY ROBB, of Walker township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. G. ELDER of Half Moon township, as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

PRESIDENT JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. O. FURST, Esq., of Bellefonte, as a candidate for President Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN G. LOVE, Esq., of Bellefonte, as a candidate for President Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of Mr. E. I. WALKER, of Boggs township, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

Royal Baking Powder.

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 16 10 1y

Lines from Loveville.

LOVEVILLE, July 31, 1884.

Rain, rain, plenty of rain.

Oats are beginning to ripen.

Muddy roads extend in all directions.

Ho, for the woods; huckleberry time is about here.

This is the time for green apples, small boys and—sickness.

Mr. Sinnickson Smith returned to Loveville last week because of a sudden attack of illness.

The potato crop in this immediate vicinity has the best appearance of any in the country.

Corn is in tassel and the silk is making its appearance. Who will have the first roasting ears?

A young gent of this place went to Bald Eagle creek on a fishing tour. He caught thirty fish, two snakes and the rheumatism.

Mr. Whippo thinks we might raise a base ball club here, to be composed of such men as Wm. Cole, David Gates, Thos. Roop, Corny and Jake Beans, to be named the Calithumpian.

In that letter of request to A. O. Furst, Esq., signed by citizens from most all parts of the county, Loveville is not represented, the reason of which was we knew nothing of the movement till the letter appeared in the *Republican*, and for that reason could not sign it. Now, we think we were slighted, and being "spunky," we will do no more than cast a solid vote for Judge A. O. Furst.

On Saturday, the 26th inst., there was held at the Marengo Station, by the Ross Sunday school, a grand "Harvest Home" picnic. But we are of opinion that an equally appropriate title would have been "a day devoted to exhibitions of the National game," for that amusement constituted the principal diversion of the occasion. For refreshments we had ice cream, lemonade, cakes, candies and all the good things that contribute to make an enjoyable time. The grove being delightfully situated, the day fine and a goodly number of "lads and lassies" present, made the picnic a success. The proceeds from the refreshment stand, estimated to be about $75, will be devoted to the Ross Sunday-school.

And now for the report of the four separate exhibitions of the National game. We append the names of the nines and the scores, respectively, as follows:

Centre Line, 33; Gatesburg, 26.

Marengo, 6; Huntingdon, 5.

Marengo, 16; Warrior's Mark, 3.

Gatesburg, 25; Dry Hollow, 12.

Mr. Joseph Rhoads, of Bellefonte, was present and took an active part in the first and last games. It was remarked by many that he took a "ball on the fly" the most gracefully of any player on the ground.

The contest between the Marengo and Huntingdon Furnace nines was close and only four and a-half innings were played. When the final half-inning had been played the Huntingdon Furnace boys refused to continue the game unless the Marengos would consent to complete the game of nine innings. This they were obliged to refuse as the time had arrived for the appointed contest between them and the Warrior's Mark nine. Had the remaining half inning been played the Marengos would doubtless have registered a better score.

WEB.

A New Partnership.

Our advertising columns to-day contain the announcement of the new partnership formed between Messrs H. K. Hicks and Bayard Hicks, in the hardware trade. The business will be continued by H. K. Hicks & Bros., at the well-known location on Allegheny St. The accession of Mr. Bayard Hicks to the firm will add new strength to it as that gentleman has had an experience of eleven years in the business, three of which have been spent in the store in this place, which, as all will admit, is one of the finest in the State of Pennsylvania. As a progressive business man Bayard is the counterpart of his brother Harry, and he will exert himself more carefully than ever before to make the various departments of the immense establishment as complete and perfect as is possible. He is also a very pleasant gentleman personally, and the numerous friends of the firm will extend to him their sincere congratulations, as it is a step that will redound to the mutual benefit of the establishment and its patrons.

—Mr. John Uzzle, of Snow Shoe, is one of the best known individuals in Centre county, and it is largely because he engages earnestly in whatever he undertakes. His hotel is now more attractive than ever and his other business interests are prospering. Under John's watchful eye nothing is permitted to lag in the rear.

—The expenses for keeping the poor people of the borough of Bellefonte for the month of July, 1884, amount to $109. This includes fuel, clothing and provisions.

J. M. KEICHLINE, O. P.

Picking Blackberries.

The Tyrone correspondent of the Altoona *Tribune* thus discourseth on the pleasures of going blackberrying:

We are authority for the statement that the blackberry crop in the Big Fill hollow will amount to hundreds of bushels. Those desiring a day's recreation, coupled with the most healthy exercise, not taking into account that their pains and efforts will be repaid, not only mentally but physically, for there is enough of nature and nature's works in the sublime, gorgeous and magnificent scenery, to furnish food for the æsthetical mind to descant upon for weeks, and the exercise incident to clambering up the rocky mountain side, bringing the flush of health to the cheek and causing a flow of perspiration so convivial to the general health, for if all humanity are constituted as the writer they inevitably feel reinvigorated after taking a profuse sweat superinduced by healthy exercise, and then if there is any "git up and git" in you you will return home in the evening and please your wife, or mother, or someone else, with at least a bushel of fine, ripe, succulent berries, the work of your own hands, for which reason they will be all the more appreciated. Should you take my advice and go on such an expedition, which combines so much of health, profit and pleasure, don't forget to take a slice or two of ham, some ground coffee, of course, pan and can in which to prepare them and other articles necessary to the make up, and you will have a dinner not to be sneezed at by the most fastidious. Should you fear snakes provide yourself with a little good "tamarack," but touch not, taste not and handle not unless necessity demands it.

Medical

THE WONDER

Is becoming universal as to how such an immense sale could be created in Lowell for HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA. But, my friend, if you could stand behind our counter a week and hear what those say who are using it, the reason would appear as clear as the noon-day sun. The real curative power of HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA demonstrates itself in every case where *our directions* are faithfully regarded. We would that we might get before the people a fractional part of the confidence that is expressed to us every day in this medicine by those who have carefully noted (without prejudice) its effects upon the blood and through that upon the whole system, stimulating all the functions of the body to perform the duties nature requires of them. Try a bottle and satisfy yourself.

Cold Hands and Feet.

LOWELL, Feb. 3, 1879.

MESSRS. C. I. HOOD & CO.: Gentlemen—About one year ago my daughter commenced taking your Sarsaparilla. At that time she had very little appetite; could take no long walks, and her face was badly broken out with a humor. She was low-spirited; troubled with cold hands and feet; her blood seemed to be poor, and she was in a condition which caused us great anxiety. After taking one bottle of your Sarsaparilla she began to improve; and she now has a good appetite and can take much longer walks. Her humor is nothing compared with what it was one year ago. She is in better spirits, is not troubled with cold hands and feet as previously. And I attribute this improvement in her condition largely to your Sarsaparilla. She has taken six bottles, and intends to continue its use. I was inclined to oppose the trial of it at first. I now have great faith in it as a blood purifier. Very truly yours,

A. L. HINCKLEY,
No. 264 Broadway, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by all druggists. Price $1; or six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

16 4 1y

New Advertisements.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that I have this day taken into partnership in my hardware business, at Bellefonte, J. Bayard Hicks, and the business heretofore conducted in the firm name of H. K. Hicks will hereafter be conducted in the firm name of H. K. Hicks & Bro. The accounts on the books of the undersigned will be promptly settled at my office. H. K. HICKS.

Bellefonte, Aug. 1, 1884. d&w3w

AT A MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BAR OF CENTRE COUNTY the following order was made:

And now, July 25, 1884, the members of the Bar having continued the entire civil list of causes for the second week of August Term, it is ordered that the second week of said term be dispensed with, and that there be holden but one week of the several Courts of, in and for the county of Centre at August term next, and it is further ordered that the Prothonotary publish this order in the several papers of the county, and that the Sheriff of Centre county will summon no more jurors for said second week, and that he notify them already summoned not to appear. ADAM HOY, P. J.

Certified from the Record this 25th day of July, A. D. 1884.

[SEAL.] J. C. HARPER, Prothonotary

16 30 3t

Cleveland & Hendricks.

1884. AGENTS WANTED. 1884.

For the only genuine **PICTORIAL** Biographies of the DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES for President and Vice President. Authentic and exhaustive in FACT, profuse and artistic in illustration, conscientious, forcible, brilliant in authorship. The STANDARD Campaign History. AUTHORIZED. Rich in matter but LOW IN PRICE—**$2.** The agents' harvest. Send **50** cents for outfit and our SPECIAL, practical instructions in the best methods of selling it. SUCCESS AND LARGE PROFITS insured ACT AT ONCE. The campaign will be short, but BRILLIANT AND PROFITABLE TO AGENTS. Address N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Publishers, St. Louis, Mo., or New York City. aug2 3t

FAY'S CELEBRATED WATER-PROOF MANILLA ROOFING

Resembles fine leather; for Roofs, Outside Walls and inside in place of plaster. Very strong and durable. Catalogue with testimonials and samples FREE. Established in 1866. W. H. FAY & CO., Camden, N. J.

16-30-4t

9000 ! ! AGENTS WANTED Double Quick! to sell the FIRST AUTHENTIC BIOGRAPHIES of

BLAINE and LOGAN

By H. J. Ramsdell, Esq., *Mr. Blaine's intimate friend and personal choice*, and Ben Perley Poore, *for 18 years an officer of the U. S. Congress*. 5,000 outfits ordered within a week. Agents coining money. Is in IMMENSE DEMAND because the most RELIABLE, INTERESTING and RICHLY ILLUSTRATED. Fine *steel portraits*, FIRST OUT SELLS FASTEST. *Beware of unreliable books.* Write to HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. 16 30 4t

NO TRESPASSING.

Notice is hereby given that all persons found hunting, fishing or in any other way trespassing upon my lands will be dealt with according to law. G. DORSEY GREEN.

Fillmore, July 14, 1884. 16 27 4t

Furniture and Bedding.

J. C. BRACHBILL. W. R. BRACHBILL.

J. BRACHBILL'S SONS,

Furniture and Bedding!

The Largest Stock!
The Lowest Prices!

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY.

NO. 20 SPRING STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16-28tf

STEUBENVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY. **Next Session Opens Sept. 10.**
OLD in experience. NEW Buildings Furniture, Methods, Management. Send for CATALOGUE.
Liberal course of study. Art and music thoroughly taught. Instruction adapted to individual needs. Generous tables; home comforts; healthful location; Christian oversight; moderate terms. 16 29 2m REV. J. W. WIGHTMAN, D. D., Principal, Steubenville, Ohio.

Miscellaneous.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE COLLEGE.

Winter Term Begins Sept. 10, 1884.

EXAMINATIONS FOR ADMISSION, SEPT. 9.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. **A Full Classical Course of four years.**
2. **A Latin Scientific course.**
3. **The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.**
4. **A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture**
5. **A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.**
6. **A reorganized Course in Mechanic Arts, Combining shop-work with study.**
7. **A new Special Course (two years) in Literature and Science, for Young Ladies.**
8. **A Carefully graded Preparatory Course.**
9. **Special Courses** are arranged to meet the wants of individual students.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., *President*,

14-28-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county to make distribution of the proceeds arising from the sale of the personal and real estate of P. H. Stover, sold by the Sheriff of Centre county under writs of execution in his hands, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 18th day of August, 1884, at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested are requested to present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund. E. M. BLANCHARD,

16 29 3t Auditor.

AGENTS WANTED—for the Lives of

BLAINE & LOGAN, In 1 Vol., by T. W. Knox. | **CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS,** In 1 Vol., by Hon. A. Barnum.

The BEST AND CHEAPEST. Each vol. **500** pages, **$1.50. 50** per cent. to agents. Outfit FREE. Address HARTFORD PUBLISHING CO., Hartford, Conn. 16 30 3w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans Court of Centre County, in the matter of the account of John Greve, administrator, &c. of Jonathan E. Royer, deceased, the undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1884, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Parties interested will please attend. JOHN KLINE,

16 28 3t Auditor.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. Adam Hoy, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. J. R. Smith, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 25th day of July, A. D., 1884, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of August, being the 25th day of August, 1884, and to continue one week. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1884, and in the one hundred and eighth year of the independence of the United States.

THOMAS J. DUNKEL, Sheriff

ald&wtf

Great Inducements

OFFERED AT THE

BELLEFONTE MARBLE WORKS

—IN—

Italian, Rutland, Sutherland Falls, French, Blue and Dorset

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES

—AND—

Burial Vaults.

GRANITE WORK A SPECIALTY.

Sutherland Falls Tiling, with Isle La Motte Marble for Border.

Tubular, Galvanized and Wrought Iron Fencing for cemetery lots and private yards.

GRAVE GUARDS, IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS & VASES AT SPECIAL RATES.

Also Enameled Slate Mantels, Marbleized and Decorated Hearths, Fire Grates, Registers, Furniture and Wash-stands, Toys, Bracket Shelves, &c., &c.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

S. A. STOVER,

PROPRIETOR,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.

16 28 tf

Miscellaneous.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals for the building of the abutments for the bridge at Curtins Works will be received at the County Commissioners office, Bellefonte, until Tuesday, July 15, at 12 o'clock. The plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' office. The right to reject all bids if not satisfactory is reseved.

A. J. GRIEST,
H. C. CAMPBELL, } Com.
JOHN WOLF,

MILES WALKER, Clerk. july8 6t

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. ——, August term, 1884. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to Hon. Adam Hoy, President Judge of said Court, at chambers, on Saturday, the 16th day of August, A. D. 1884, under "The Corporation Act," of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the suplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation, to be called the "Zion Union Cemetery Association," the character and object whereof is to maintain a public cemetery and for this purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

H. H. HARSHBERGER, Solicitor.

16 28 3t

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

June5d&wtf

DON'T BUY A WATCH

Until you have seen and examined the

Rockford Watch.

At the Company's Agency in Bellefonte, or in the hands of over

300 SATISFIED OWNERS

IN

CENTRE COUNTY.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Sole Agent for Centre County, Pa., for the

Rockford Watch Co.

167

S. & A. Loeb.

Attention, Veterans!

250

G. A. R.

SUITS

JUST RECEIVED.

Color Guaranteed.

WORKMANSHIP THE BEST.

Prices the very Lowest.

FITS PERFECT.

These are the Regulation Suits.

Double sets of Buttons furnished Free.

At the old established stand of

S. & A. LOEB

may8 tf

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the **only** complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving **Fresh**, New Goods for the

Summer Season

—OF—

1884.

Stock Complete! Nothing Wanting!

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND SYRUPS.—In Sugars and Syrups we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar now sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—No breakfast can be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-44tf

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Political Revolution.

Special to the Altoona Morning Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, July 30.—The political situation in the bituminous coal region in Carbon township, this county, has undergone a complete transformation within the past week. The principal collieries in this section of the county are located at Carbondale, Dudley and Broad Top City, which employ in all about seven hundred and fifty miners, the majority of whom are Irish Catholics. In consequence of the Irish vote this township has heretofore been overwhelmingly democratic, but ever since the nomination of Blaine and Logan these miners have openly declared in favor of the republican nominees. Messrs. Ed. F. Gould and George Gould, who have heretofore been prominently identified as leaders of the democratic forces in the township, and who are the richest property holders there, together with Father John Burns, of the Catholic church, have publicly renounced their allegiance to the democratic party, and have espoused the cause of the republicans. The political influence exerted by these prominent gentlemen extends not only throughout the district in which they reside, but also in Lincoln, Todd, Hopewell, Cromwell and other adjoining townships.

Present indications point to a sweeping majority for the republican county ticket, and since the open renouncement of the Irish Catholic miners of their support of the democratic ticket, it is highly probable that the democratic majority of Centre county will be overbalanced by the great republican accessions in this county and a republican president judge be elected in this district to succeed Judge Hoy, the present democratic incumbent.

The Irish Catholic miners in the Rockhill coal and iron company's collieries at Robertsdale, in the lower end of the county, have also unanimously delared in favor of Blaine and Logan.

Gov. Cleveland Notified.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 29—At about 4 o'clock an immense concourse of people assembled about the executive mansion, and the police were stationed about to prevent injurious trespass upon the grounds surrounding the residence.

The arrival of the committee was the signal for concentration in the main parlor where the ceremony took place. Soon after the committees arrived the governor entered the parlor.

Col. W. F. Vilas, chairman of the late democratic national convention, addressing Governor Cleveland, officially notified him of his nomination.

The governor responded extemporaneously and not without evidence of deep earnestness and feeling. He seemed to realize the weight of responsibility which rested upon his shoulders as the standard-bearer of the party. The address was not only one in thought, but was delivered with rare grace and effect. The congratulations that were showered on him by the many distinguished leaders of the party at the close of the ceremonies were sincere and hearty. After some time spent in social interchanges the doors of the dining rooms were swung open and refreshments partaken of.

Henry M. Stanley in England.

LONDON, July 28.—Mr. Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, arrived at Plymouth this afternoon. In an interview with an Associated Press representative Mr. Stanley said he had returned to England considering that he had completed the work of establishing satisfactory trading stations along the Congo river from its mouth to Stanley Pool, a distance of fourteen hundred miles by river. When he left the Congo country he was suffering badly from bronchitis, but was much benefited by the sea voyage. He eulogized the trading prospects of the country in the vicinity of the Congo river. Mr. Stanley considered that General Gordon commands perfectly practicable routes of escape from Khartoum, whether by way of Zanzibar on the east or down the Congo to the west coast if the Nile is blocked.

A Terrible Experience.

WEST CREEK, N. J., July 28.—Mrs. Rebecca Cox, an aged lady residing alone upon an unfrequent by-road at this place, while walking by a brook in the Salt meadows one morning last week, was stricken with paralysis. For several hours the lady remained unconscious, finally awakening to find herself beyond the reach of any one, and yet within a few rods of her house. Suffering the agonies of paralysis, she was in this helpless condition three days, exposed by turns to the broiling rays of the sun and the atmosphere of the malarial meadows.

She was finally found, her absence from the village exciting the fears of her friends, a party of whom came upon her almost dead, suffering from a complication of ailments arising from her exposure and privations. A physician was summoned, and it is thought she may recover.

Large Miners' Demonstration.

LONDON, July 28.—A large miners' demonstration was held at Barnesby to-day. Thousands of persons were present. Resolutions were prepared and adopted demanding additional inspectors in mines, and also the abolition of the house of lords.

Death in the Ocean.

LONDON, July 28.—The survivors of the steamship Laxham, which collided with the Spanish steamer Gijone, report that on the evening of the collision there was a thick fog. The Laxham was going slow. Both steamers were sounding their whistles. The Gijone struck the Laxham amidship. The latter was nearly cut asunder. Her funnel fell and the steamship burst. The chief engineer was horribly scalded. Most of the Laxham's crew were taken on board the Gijone. Captain Dothian tied his wife and child to himself and all three were hauled aboard the Gijone. The Laxham sunk in twenty minutes after the collision. It was not long before the Gijone began to settle. Terrible confusion prevailed. The captain stood with a revolver in his hand, but was unable to keep order. The passengers and crew were fighting for their lives. Boats were lowered and filled to the gunwales, but could not accommodate half the people. Those fortunate enough to secure places in them were obliged to keep off the others with knives. The Gijone sank bow first. Her quarter-deck was crowded, and the women, captain and officers were standing on the bridge. It is estimated that 130 persons perished.

A Business Pointer.

NEW YORK, July 27.—"I think," said one of the officers of the Pullman Palace Car Company, who is in a position to form correct judgments, "that, while there are no certain indications of a better feeling in trade and general business at present, there is the best of reason to look for a very sudden start soon. The passenger traffic of the country is by no means a bad measure of the activity of trade, and the returns from our lines are in every case larger than for the same period of last year. There is not a single exception to this, and the income of the company is already a million in excess of that of last year. If we are making money there is no reason why the railroads should not be doing proportionately as well. Our shops are full of orders; in fact we can hardly keep up with the contracts that we have under way, to say nothing of important orders which we shall close in a short time."

Cleveland to be Notified.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 28.—Governor Cleveland spent the forenoon in his room, rounding the periods of his speech of acceptance. The formal notification will take place at the executive mansion at 3:30 to-morrow afternoon. Owing to limited space of the parlors the public will not be admitted to witness the ceremony. Only one member of the notification committee, Mr. Daniel J. Campan, of Michigan, had put in an appearance this morning.

The members of the notification and national committees will be here to-night. The formal notification proceedings will be brief. The chairman will make a short address, to which Cleveland will reply. Among the large number of callers to-day was Mr. and Mrs. Jaeger, of Kentucky; Charles Banks, managing editor of the *Post and Telegraph*, Omaha, and Judge George W. Cothran, of Chicago.

Arrival of British Scientists.

MONTREAL, Que., July 28.—The Beaver Line steamship Lake Huron arrived in port this morning with a party of the members of the British Association on board, including Captain Bedford Pim, Sir James and Lady Douglas, Professor Glaisher the celebrated balloonist; George Russell, of Plymouth; Chris. Smith, M. A., of London; G. D. Palmer, of Bath; Buxton Shillitoe, fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, of London, and H. Bedford Pim, the son of Captain Pim. Captain Pim and the rest of the party leave immediately for the West and will remain there until the opening of the meeting. The Parisian lately brought over another party of twelve of the association.

National Labor Convention Postponed.

NEW YORK, July 28.—At a meeting of the national executive committee of the national labor party held here to-day the following resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, Owing to the fact that the letters of acceptance of General Butler and Grover Cleveland have not yet appeared, and that pending their appearance intelligent action cannot be taken by the convention called by this organization to be held in Chicago on July 30; therefore, be it.

Resolved, That said convention be and is hereby postponed until Monday, September 1, 1884, to meet in the city of Chicago.

Out of Erie Bay.

ERIE, July 27.—The mystery connected with the suicide of an unknown man in the bay here was unravelled to-day by the recovery of the body. Letters found on the corpse identify the deceased as William Baus, of Bavaria, Germany. A letter from his mother indicated him to have been a student and the scion of a wealthy family, also that despondency caused by his mother's censure of his spendthrift life was the cause of his rash act.

Witnesses testified to seeing the man who leaped from the boat kneeling in the attitude of prayer before taking the fatal jump.

Diseased Cattle.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Many diseased cattle have been found in the trains arriving here from Southwestern Kansas and the Indian Territory. Quite a number have been killed and others placed in quarantine. The discovery has caused much excitement among railroad and cattle men here.

A Romantic Elopement.

PARIS, Ky., July 29.—A very sensational elopement by members of two families of the Blue Grass aristocracy occurred Sunday night, but has just come to light, having been kept quiet by those interested. Mrs James Thomas has been entertaining Miss Susie Wells, daughter of a Georgetown banker. Among other guests was Milton Smith, an employee of her father's bank. Sunday evening Mr. Smith, Miss Wells, Miss Thomas and a gentleman friend took a carriage drive to Millersburg. Reaching that place, Miss Thomas was asked to go with the party to Aberdeen, O., where Mr. Smith and Miss Wells proposed to marry. She refused, leaped from the carriage procured a conveyance and returned home.

Friends of Miss Wells, with Mrs. Thomas, procured a carriage and set out in pursuit. Overtaking the elopers after dark, about a dozen shots were exchanged on each side, no one being wounded, though the horses were hit several times.

Mrs. Thomas became frightened for the result, and on her entreaties the pursuers abandoned the chase. The eloping party went on, and it is presumed were married at Aberdeen, the Gretna Green of Kentucky.

The Fool Killer Did His Work.

ALBANY, July 29.—Ephraim Tilton and George Maxwell were drowned while bathing with a party of youths at Smith's Ferry, near Greenwich, Washington County, Sunday. One of the party, and the only one who could not swim, suggested upsetting the boat, saying he would hold on by the boat chain. The others tried to dissuade him, but he insisted. When the boat upset he failed to catch the chain, but caught one of his companions, and both sank, coming to the surface only once. The others reached the shore, got an oar and waded out as far as possible. One of them got hold of the drowning men, but was forced to let go, and both sank for the last time. Tilton and Maxwell, who were drowned, were about 20 years of age. The bodies were recovered.

Prohibition in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., July 29.—The Prohibition Convention of the State met here to-day. Permanent officers were elected and a resolution was adopted inviting Luther Benson, of Indiana, to canvass this State after the November election in the cause of temperance. Resolutions were adopted setting forth the progress of the Prohibition movement, but disclaiming any purpose to mingle temperance and politics, except so far as to support the Legislative candidates favoring the adoption of general local option laws.

Supposed Case of Poisoning.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—Considerable excitement exists here among the secret societies over the death of Mrs. Mary A. Wodd, which occurred several days ago. An effort is being made to have the body exhumed. It is said Mrs. Wodd belonged to several societies in which her life was insured for $20,000 for the benefit of the children of Dr. Whitmore, in whose family she lived, and it is alleged that circumstances attending her death lead to supposition of poisoning. The coroner this afternoon refused to take any action in the case.

The Labor Strike in New York.

NEW YORK, July 28.—To-day begins the second week of the bricklayers and laborers' strike for nine hours per day. The reports of the number of men on a strike are conflicting. The employers say three thousand and the workingmen claim seven hundred. Nearly all the plasterers engaged on jobs where the employers refused to accede to the nine-hour demand quit work to-day; also a number of hoisting engineers. A large number of framers also stopped this morning.

The Cholera in France.

PARIS, July 29.—7 p. m.—There were six deaths from cholera at Arles during the past twenty-four hours. Two deaths have occurred at Aix since noon. At 9 p. m. there were twenty-three deaths at Marseilles during the past twenty-four hours. Seventeen cases of cholera have appeared at Havcalieri, a village of Italy. The patients are mostly women from Marseilles and Toulon.

Disastrous Flood in Maryland.

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 29.—Serious damage has been done to property here, and at Frostburg and Lonaconing, from the heavy rains and consequent flood. It is reported there is great loss of life at the latter place, but communication is interrupted and the rumor cannot be confirmed. At 11 o'clock it is still raining.

China Humbled by France.

PARIS, July 27.—After the council of the ministers at the Elysee Saturday, Prime Minister Ferry held an interview with Li Fong Pao, the Chinese minister. At the meeting it was arranged that China should pay France an indemnity of 20,000,000 francs. A pacific solution of the troubles is now certain.

Politics in West Virginia.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 29.—The republican state convention will meet here to-morrow. It is now definitely settled that the greenbackers will enter into a fusion arrangement under which they agree to support the ticket if allowed to nominate a part of it.

Georgia Editors at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 28.—Forty-six members of the Georgia state editorial association reached here at noon-day. They visited the battle field and left for Carlisle late in the afternoon.

Gleanings

Good that comes too late is as good as nothing.

The thermometer is giving us to understand that it isn't to be kept down.

A San Francisco naturalist sent a nice cage and a wagon to a friend's house for a fine specimen of ground hog that was offered him. He received a sausage, and it took him three days to see the joke.

Alas! with the virtues of the dominant race, the red Indian also absorbs its vices. We weep to think of the gilded misery that frontier tribe which has organized a base ball nine is laying up for itself.

Horse stealing and cattle stealing have been so frequent in Idaho of late that an association of stockmen for mutual protection is discussed. One stockman has written to the Shoshons *Journal* that his losses by thieves have averaged $1,000 in each of the past ten years.

When a Mormon wife renounces the authority of her husband she is at once deprived of all means of earning a livelihood. To counteract the effects of such a ruling it is now seriously proposed to establish at Salt Lake City a house of refuge for all the women who may be brave enough to defy polygamic doctrines.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. may18 1y

Although Baltimore is termed the "Monumental City" there are really fewer monuments to be seen there than in almost any other place. The only monument of note is that erected by the State as a tribute to Washington.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms are moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching; very distressing, particularly at night; seems as if pinworms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected. If allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" is a pleasant, sure cure. Also, for tetter, Itch, salt-rheum, scald-head, erysipelas, barbers' itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty skin diseases. Box, by mail, 50 cts.; 3 for $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists. may6 1y

The woodchuck has fallen upon evil days in New Hampshire. One selectman has already paid bounty upon 90 tails, and this poor member of the marmot family is everywhere hounded to death by the youth of the State who are eager to gain pocket money by its destruction.

The following, copied from the Lowell Daily *Courier*, speaks well of an article made in their city: "Hood's Sarsaparilla is fast growing into use, and doing much good. This is no 'patent medicine,' but a preparation of a standard article for specific diseases, and its effect is said to be very marked. The testimonials which they give are bona fide, from parties who have used the preparation, and cheerfully give their testimony as to its worth. Those afflicted with Scrofula, Biliousness or General Debility, should try this remedy. Hood & Co. are careful and experienced pharmacists, and their preparations can be relied on."

The Aleutian Islands, off the coast of Alaska, are said to be excellently adapted to stock-raising. The grass is luxuriant and abundant all the year round, and there is an area of 8,000 acres of good grazing land.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. 16 27 1y

Objection is made in New York to drowning stray dogs for fear so many sunken barks may obstruct navigation.

A conundrum fiend asks: "What is the difference between Italy and a boy who has a penchant for 'shinning up" trees?" As if we didn't know that one is a sunny clime and the other a climb-y son.

The secret art of beauty lies not in cosmetics, but is only in pure blood and a healthy performance of the vital functions, to be obtained by using Burdock Blood Bitters.

In a glove shop: "I want a pair of gloves." "What is your number, sir?" "2917." Glove woman, with some effort, discovers that the customer is a cab driver.

Feathers were first used as a headdress by Marie Antoinette, who tried their effect from curiosity, was pleased with it and set the fashion.

For cramps, pain in the stomach, cholera morbus, use Joseph's Oil. There is nothing like it. It works like a charm. Only 25 cents. Sold by John Harris, druggist.

Miscellaneous.

SPEER'S
PORTUGAL GRAPE WINE,
ALSO
UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE,
Used in the Principal Churches for Communion.
Excellent for Females, Weakly Persons and the Aged.

ADOPTED IN HOSPITALS AS THE BEST.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!
FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards. Its invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Wine. Being produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child may partake of it and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

It is the juice of the Oporto Grapes, preserved in its natural, fresh, sweet state as it runs from the press by fumigation, thereby destroying the exciter of fermentation. It is perfectly pure, free from spirits and will keep in any climate.

Speer's Burgundy.

Is a dark rich medium Dry Wine, used by the wealthy classes as a Table or Dinner Wine, and by physicians in cases where a dry wine instead of a sweet port is desired.

Speer's (Socialte) Claret.

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry.

Is a Wine of superior character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's P. J. Brandy.

IS A PURE distillation from the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
16 29 1y

ORPHANS COURT SALE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans Court of Centre County, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, August 19th, 1884, at 1 o'clock p. m., a valuable tract of farm land situate in Boggs township, Centre county, Pa., late the property of William Butler, deceased, bounded and described as follows: On the North by land of Mrs. Fetzer and Thomas, on the East by land of D. R. Malone and others, on the South by land of Jerome B. Confer and others, and on the West by land of James Cokely and others, beginning at a dead pine stump at March Creek, thence N. 30° W. 126 perches to white oak; thence N. 50½° E. 159 perches to stones; thence S. 45° E. 59 perches to post; thence S. 25° E. 126 perches to Marsh Creek; thence up Marsh Creek to the place of beginning; containing 149 acres, 19 perches and allowance. Reserving lots sold by William Butler in his life time to Jonathan Packer and David W. Heaton.

Upon this farm are erected three good dwelling houses, barn, stable and other outbuildings. There is also a spring house near the dwelling, which is supplied with excellent water from a never failing spring.

About 100 acres of this land are cleared and in a state of high cultivation. The balance is well timbered with pine, oak, etc.

There is also an orchard of well selected apple trees on the premises, as well as peach and cherry trees.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent to be paid when the property is struck off; balance of one third on confirmation of sale; one-third in one year and one-third in two years. Deferred payments to bear interest and be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

MICHAEL WEAVER,
Adm'r of &c. of Wm. Butler, dec'd.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Att'ys for estate. 16 28ts

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

Hay Fever

is a type of catarrh having peculiar symptoms. It is attended by an inflamed condition of the lining membrane of the nostrils, tear-ducts and throat, affecting the lungs. An acrid mucus is secreted, the discharge is accompanied with a painful burning sensation. There are severe spasms of sneezing, frequent attacks of blinding headache, a watery and inflamed state of the eyes.

Ely's Cream Balm is a remedy founded on a correct diagnosis of this disease and can be depended upon. 50 cts. at druggists; 60 cts. by mail. Sample bottle by mail 10 cts. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

I recommend to those suffering (as I have) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm. I have tried nearly all the remedies, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief.—C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. 16 2 4t

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

Miller's Oil Refining Works,
WASHINGTON and PEBLE AVES., ALLEGHENY CITY,
A. D. MILLER & SONS,
manufacturers of High Test Water White Oils for export and home consumption. Would call public attention to our brand of
WATER WHITE OLIEN, 150 TEST,
WARRANTED NONE BETTER.
Also 110, 120, 130, 175 Fire Test Oils. GASOLINE for Gas Machines, 86, 88, 90, 95 gravity. Benzene prepared for Painter's use. Prepared Residuum in barrels. Gas fluid 74 gravity.
STAVES AND HEADING WANTED.
14 19 6m

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table May 12, 1884.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 0
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 03
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Dix	6 42	6 09
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35

EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 10
East Tyrone	7 37	8 17
Vail	7 40	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 25
Dix	7 51	8 30
Fowler	7 54	8 35
Hannah	7 57	8 40
Port Matilda	8 05	8 50
Martha	8 13	9 00
Julian	8 23	9 12
Unionville	8 33	9 24
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 32
Milesburg	8 45	9 35
Bellefonte	8 55	9 45
Milesburg	9 05	10 00
Curtin	9 15	10 09
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 14
Howard	9 26	10 24
Eagleville	9 36	10 36
Beech Creek	9 40	10 41
Mill Hall	9 52	10 57
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 14, 1883.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.43 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.15 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.54 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, May 12, 1884.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 15	5 46
Hostler	1 28	5 59
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loveville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 55	6 58

EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill	4 40	9 33
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Furnace Road	5 20	10 12
Loveville	5 26	10 16
Marengo	5 30	10 22
Hostler	5 40	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 08
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, May 11, 1884:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 20 a m
" " Williamsport		7 00 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 57 a m
" " Lock Haven		8 25 a m
" " Renovo		9 30 a m
" arr at Erie		6 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 15 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 55 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 35 p m
" " Renovo		5 05 p m
" " Kane		9 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 10 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 10 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 05 p m

EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 00 a m
" " Jer'y S're		7 20 a m
" " W msp't		8 10 a m
" arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 35 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 45 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		1 55 p m
" " Renovo		10 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 45 p m
" " Williamsport		1 00 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m
WMPT ACM leaves Williamsport		6 35 p m
" arrives at Harrisb'g		10 25 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 05 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

ROBERT NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

Miscellaneous.

HOLDSTEINS

AROMANNA
AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR
Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Diseases.
Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache Heartburn, Waterbrash, Distress after Eating, Belching of Food, Etc., Etc.

This purely vegetable preparation surpasses any medicine recommended for the above diseases. Give it a trial. Price 25 and 75 cents.

To prove its merits I don't say to you buy (as others do), but I say to you try a sample bottle, FREE, at JOHN HARRIS, Druggist, Bellefonte Pa. G. HOLSTEIN, Proprietor, Woodbury, N. J. 15 41 1y

BARTRUFF'S
Is the place to go for
New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons
and to have old ones repaired

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The oats harvest has commenced.

—Huckleberries are exceedingly scarce.

—Snake stories are becoming interesting.

—The "Itinerant Print" of Howard, Pa., is a new institution.

—There will be about 20 bands in Bellefonte during the encampment.

—Mrs. Mann's new residence on Spring street is to be heated by steam.

—Boys continue to indulge in stone throwing despite ordinances to the contrary.

—This is the time to plant advertisements that will bear a good fall crop of trade.

—About forty business places and residences in this place are fitted up for steam heat.

—Take care of the infants. Cholera infantum is their most dangerous enemy just now.

—A new and very neat fence is being built in front of the Hoover residence on Spring St.

—Frauds are being perpetrated every day. Almost every glass of soda water ends in a fizzle.

—The cheap lemon man tried to sell a wagon load of the sour fruit to Bellefonters on Tuesday, July 29.

—Mrs. Catharine Clark, of Altoona, died on Tuesday afternoon of last week at 5 o'clock, in her 66th year.

—A prayer hospital is to be established in Erie for the reception of those who are pronounced incurable by physicians.

—A. J. DeVoe, the New Jersey weather prophet, says that about the middle of August the weather will be very dry and warm.

—The Curtin Band will accompany George L. Potter Post, G. A. R., when they visit Bellefonte to participate in the encampment.

—The Philadelphia *Press* has proved conclusively that its daily circulation is from 20,000 to 25,000 larger than that of the *Times*.

—Paper peach baskets are used in Maryland. But they don't prevent the half-dozen big peaches in the basket from crawling to the top.

—Mr. Hoffman, who played base ball on Saturday afternoon, July 26, in the Association-Forge game, had one of his thumbs quite painfully injured.

—Mr. Joseph Reeves, the glass worker, who was so seriously hurt a week ago at Cape May, is recovering and expects to be in Bellefonte in the near future.

—Altoona was visited by quite an extensive fire at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning, W. W. Harris, the furniture dealer on Eleventh avenue, being the principal sufferer.

—The Spring Mills and Lemont railroad is completed to within four miles of the latter place, and work upon the remaining four miles was commenced Wednesday.

—The residence of D. G. Bush, Esq., in its interior arrangements, is one of the most complete in town. Steam heat, gas stoves, electric and gas light, arrangements for Turkish baths and every other imaginable convenience administer to the comfort of its inmates.

—Two drunken umbrella menders walking along the railroad on Tuesday afternoon attracted attention. At every step it seemed as if they would fall down or pitch headlong into the mill race near by. If they don't mend their ways as well as their umbrellas, the iron horse will run them down some of these days.

—Darkness prevailed to an alarming degree Monday and Tuesday evenings of last week. It was almost equal to the Egyptian darkness which we are told could be felt. Perfectly sober citizens reached home only with the greatest difficulty and after coming in collision with lamp posts, cellar doors, tree boxes, stone steps, etc., to the serious injury of their limbs and danger of their lives. It was two-fold more dangerous than the blowing of steam whistles. Now, the query is, why with all our boasted cheap gas, electric light and bright-eyed girls, can't we have more illumination on the street at 10:30 o'clock?

—Williamsport has a three-year-old child whose head measures twenty-seven and a half inches around, twice the size of an ordinary child's head, and the *Sun and Banner* displays the fact in mammoth *head*-lines as if that fact is wonderful. That's nothing. We've been told of a child not more than three years old in this county, whose head weighs seventy-five pounds, four times the weight of an ordinary child's head at that age. We don't know whether the child's head has been measured or not, but will bet that the measurement exceeds that of the Williamsport baby. Now, try again; cause we're *ahead*.

Programme for the Encampment.

The committee of arrangments for the encampment of the G. A. R. in Bellefonte, from August 16 to 22, have issued a circular letter, giving the programme of exercises. The Altoona *Tribune* publishes the following summary of it: Upon the arrival at Bellefonte of the trains from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh on the 16th the reception parade will be formed and after marching through the town will proceed to the Fair grounds where the tents will be pitched, and an address of welcome delivered. The day will be devoted to getting the camp comfortably fixed up and in the evening the bands in attendance will give an open air concert.

On Sunday morning religious services will be held in the camp, and in the evening a dress parade. Monday, an excursion by all who can go to "Point McCoy," two and a half miles, and enjoy the finest view in the State; in the evening dress parade, and at night the comrades of Post 51, Philadelphia, will give a grand masquerade ball in the armory. Tuesday, an excursion on the famous Switch Back railroad, to Snow Shoe on the top of the Allegheny mountains, sixteen miles, also on the same day by all who can go—by wagon and carriage—to the wonderful caves of Penn's Valley, twelve miles. Efforts are being made to have these excursions free to all, but if it cannot be done the cost will be very small. At night, a sham battle, with cannon and fireworks will be fought on the adjacent hills. Wednesday, the business meeting of the department; at night a grand camp fire. Thursday, no special programme for this day. Camp will break up Friday morning.

Every evening except Saturday there will be a dress parade, and on every evening except Tuesday there will be a grand open air concert by the Weccacoe band of Philadelphia. Six hundred tents, also fuel, straw and light will be furnished free to all. Boarding can be had on the grounds at 25 cents per meal, and in town at private boarding houses from $1 00 to $1 25, and at first-class hotels at from $1 00 to $2 00 per day. An arrangement is being made by which the Edison electric light will be taken from the town to the grounds. Splendid water for all purposes can be had in the camp. Arrangements for very low rates of fare are being made with the railroad companies, notice of which will be sent out from department headquarters. All the department past and present officers and National Commander Beath will be present. For further information, as posts or individuals, write to James H. Rankin, Post 95, Bellefonte, Pa.

Important Decision.

It may interest our merchants as well as our borough lawmakers to read the substance of a decision which was recently rendered by a Pittsburg court on a subject which is of equal importance in all parts of the State.

There is an ordinance in that city granting tradesmen and shop-keepers permission to occupy the pavement or sidewalk for a distance of three feet from their buildings or shops, for the purpose of displaying their goods. The chief of police a short time since made information against a store-keeper for occupying more than the allotted space. The case was ably argued, and the man was convicted. In his charge the judge said that councils had no right or power whatever to grant any person permission to blockade any part of the sidewalks and streets. The sidewalks and streets, he said, are public thoroughfares, intended for the free and unobstructed use of all comers and goers, and no power is vested in a municipality to take away from the people such privileges. Every form of obstruction is illegal, the judge declared, and from the buildings to the curbstones should be as absolutely free for the use of pedestrians as the streets are for the use of vehicles. When the chief of police was thus clearly fortified with a legal decision he began at once enforcing the removal of all sidwalk obstructions, which proceeding caused a vigorous kick on the part of some merchants, while others at once accommodated themselves to the new order of things and coincided with the judge's opinion.

—The merits of the tomato as an article of food are but little appreciated by many people. It is one of the most useful products of the garden and is delicious prepared in a half dozen different ways. In the ordinary stewed and preserved forms it is best known, but in many other ways it is equally excellent. Fried in much the same way oysters are prepared it is very excellent and considered by many people equal to the oyster. Sliced and served in vinegar it is cool and refreshing and unexcelled as an appetizer. Partially green tomatoes make a very choice and delicious pie.

One of Governor Curtin's Reminiscences.

The interesting reminiscence related below is from the Philadelphia *Times*, and we presume the four soldiers to whom it alludes were from that city. It is a good illustration of the Governor's excellent memory. We quote as follows:

Andrew G. Curtin, the great war Governor of Pennsylvania, has a wonderful memory concerning those who entered the military service of this state during the war. Not long ago William W. Ker, the lawyer, was introduced to him, and the first question the Governor asked was whether he was not one of the four Ker brothers who volunteered together for the war. "I am," answered Ker. "What has become of the other three?" asked the Governor. "Do you know, I remember the names of every family of two or more brothers who enlisted in Pennsylvania." Ker then told him what the fate of his brothers had been. "We were all six feet high. The eldest went into a cavalry regiment and in one of the actions before Richmond had his arm broken by a bullet. He staggered, supported by a friend, to the rear, when a second shot pierced his body, paralyzing the entire right side of it. At this time orders were issued that the commissioned officers incapacitated for service should be retired. Unwilling to leave his regiment, he had special trappings made for his horse and strapped to the saddle did afterwards good service in the field and was with the army that hung on Lee's rear after his defeat at Gettysburg, in 1863. The soldiers called him the paralyzed captain, and he remained with his regiment in that condition until the close of the war. He was then appointed to a captaincy in the regular army, but I met the messenger bringing his commission with the words: 'My brother has just died.' Our youngest brother, who was only seventeen years of age, was killed in front of Richmond. His body was never recovered. A friend of the family, who was in the fight with him, said that a ball struck him over the heart, whereupon he flung up his hands and fell over stone dead. This was the last ever seen or heard of him. The bodies of the killed were so disfigured by mud and slime that recognition was impossible. My other brother, Richard, remained with me in the service until the surrender."

How to Have a Loving Wife.

If you would have a loving wife, be as gentle in your words after as before marriage; treat her as tenderly when a matron as when a miss; don't quite make her the maid of all work and ask her why she looks less tidy and neat than when "you first knew her;" don't buy cheap, tough beef, and scold her because it does not come on the table "porterhouse"; don't grumble about squalling babies if you cannot keep up a "nursery," and remember that baby may "take after papa" in his disposition; don't smoke and chew tobacco, and thus shatter your nerves, and spoil your temper, and make your breath a nuisance, and then complain that your wife declines to kiss; go home joyous and cheerful to your wife, and tell her the good news you have heard, and not silently put on your hat and go out to the "club" or "lodge," and let her afterwards learn that you spent the evening at the opera or at a fancy ball with Mrs. Dash. Love your wife; be patient; remember you are not perfect, but try to be; let whisky, tobacco and vulgar company alone; spend your evenings with your wife, and live a decent, Christian life, and your wife will be loving and true—if you did not marry a heartless beauty, without sense or worth; if you did, who is to blame if you suffer the consequences?—*Ex.*

Electricity.

To produce an electric spark is only necessary to warm a sheet of ordinary paper in front of a good fire or over a lamp. Upon going into a dark place and applying the knuckle to the paper a very decided spark will start from the latter, accompanied by a slight crackling sound. Take two sheets of paper and interpose a sheet of goldleaf between them. After electrifying them as above described, it will be only necessary to pass a pencil point in a zigzag manner over their face to cause the appearance thereon of a luminous flash of considerable intensity. These experiments, which are very easy to perform, may serve to demonstrate the fundamental rules of static electricity to children.—*Williamsport Sun and Banner.*

—Larrimer post has resolved to attend the encampment of the G. A. R. at Bellefonte, on August 16th, in a body. All old soldiers are requested to accompany them. There will be a number of the most prominent veterans present, among them Gen's Grant and Hancock.—*Clearfield Republican.*

The way the Moon Hangs.

"Do you see how that moon hangs?" said a farmer a couple of evenings ago who prides himself upon being a never-failing weather prophet. "Well, you can depend upon the next two weeks for rain every day. That moon is almost straight up and down, and I don't care what the signal office or any other office may send out as indications, you will see that there will be rain."

It is an old sign among farmers, and especially among the Germans, that when the moon hangs perpendicularly in the heavens, there will be rain during the time the moon lasts. They depend upon the moon for signs in many other ways than in determining the state of the weather. In the light of the moon is the time to pick apples, as when an apple falls and is bruised the bruise will dry up and the apple will not spoil. Building fences in the spring of the year must be done when the moon is so and so, or the fence will fall down. Planting corn, cutting grain, killing hogs, and all such work must be in accord with some favorable condition of the moon. So strictly do many people follow the "signs," that under no circumstances will they begin their work if the moon is adverse to such undertakings.—*Altoona Times.*

—On Saturday, July 26, a party of 125 congenial young people visited a charming place about a mile distant from the town of Peale where the day was spent in a very pleasant manner. The company numbered about 75 from Lock Haven, the others being from Jersey Shore and Snow Shoe. They went over the B. C., C. and S. W. R. R., and were escorted by ex-Senator Peale, of Lock Haven, as master of ceremonies. The picnic ground consists of a plateau of a hundred acres, on which a large dancing floor had been erected which was well utilized by the party. A very elegant dinner was served which was prepared in a building erected for that purpose on the ground. As the great success of this excursion is largely due to Mr. Peale, the party are unanimous in wishing him and his new railroad great success.

Regimental Reunions.

A reunion of the members of Seventy-sixth regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, will be held at New Castle, Lawrence county, Pa., on Thursday, August 28, 1884. All members of the regiment are cordially invited to attend. This will be the second reunion of this body of troops, the first one having been held at the same place last year, at which meeting a permanent organization was effected. At the coming gathering of these old soldiers officers for the ensuing year will be elected and the next place of meeting will be decided upon. For the foregoing information we are indebted to Daniel Clark, late corporal company F, Seventy-sixth regiment, who now resides at Pulaski, Lawrence county, Pa., and who is one of the committee having the coming reunion in charge.—*Altoona Tribune.*

—From the Lock Haven *Republican:* "In an interview with Senator Peale this morning he said: The industriously circulated reports that the coal at Peale had failed, etc., are absurd. The company has been shipping coal since the first of the month and has orders for five hundred tons per day more than it can fill for want of mine room. In another month we can put out 1500 tons per day. It is an undoubted success. There never was any foundation for these reports and the company has not considered them worth noticing. The unrivalled success of this company worries our competitors."

—A simple way to ascertain whether a sample of petroleum is dangerous or not has been recommended by a chemist of considerable standing. An ordinary tumbler is filled two-thirds full with the oil. While filling up the remaining one-third with boiling water a flame is held over the vessel. If the vapor which rises takes fire the test indicates that the petroleum is not safe to be exposed to the atmosphere.

The above is from the Williamsport *Sun and Banner*, but as the test must necessarily be attended with considerable danger we advise inexperienced persons not to try it.

—The Harrisburg Sunday *Telegram* of July 27 contained a portrait of President Judge Hoy which certainly does our handsome fellow citizen great injustice. But such is the fate of all celebrities.

—The car works and also the machinery therein contained are again offered for sale. There is a fortune in that valuable property for some lucky fellow with a small amount of capital.

Advancing spring warns us to be prepared for warmer weather. Strengthen the system, purify the blood, by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

American Institute on Grapes and Wine.

A committee from the Farmer's club of the American Institute appointed to visit Vineyards and Wine Cellars, and examine into American Wine culture report that the Wines of Alfred Speer, at Passaic, New Jersey, are the most reliable to be obtained, and that his Oporto Grape makes a Port Wine equal to any in the world. For sale by Druggists.

At Central City, Colorado, Sunday, the umpire of a base ball match was killed by lightning. It is not often that an umpire is allowed to die such a painless death.

Shedd's Excelsior Cough Syrup does not dry up the cough, but loosens it and gives prompt relief.

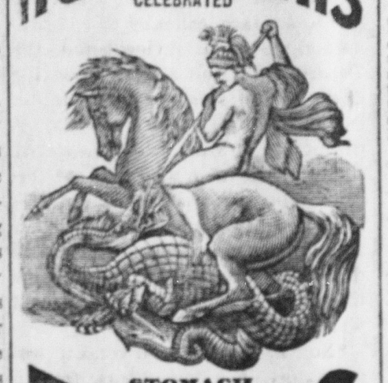
Henry Schœnhals, foreman Henry Krug Packing Co., St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, etc. It is the best.

"Hard workers are never troubled with insomnia," says a physician. Very true; look at the hard-worked policeman.

They are a little medicine of the right kind, and the right time to take them is when you feel the indications of Billiousness or the approach of sick-headache. All these troubles cured by the use of Shedd's Little Mandrake Pills.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

The Feeble Grow Strong

When Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is used to promote assimilation of the food and enrich the blood. Indigestion, the chief obstacle to an acquisition of strength by the weak, is an ailment which infallibly succumbs to the action of this peerless corrective. Loss of flesh and appetite, and growing evidence of premature decay are speedily counteracted by the great invigorant, which braces up the physical energies and fortifies the constitution against disease.

7% NET Security 5 to 9 times loan. INTEREST semi-annual and paid at your home. 29th year of residence, and 10th of business. No investor ever had to pay taxes, costs of foreclosure, wait for interest, or take land. BEST of References all around you. Write if you have money to loan.
D. S. B. JOHNSTON & SON,
Negotiators of Mortgage Loans.
MENTION THIS PAPER. St. Paul, Minn
16-25-1y

McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA
Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Hardware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county. In the matter of the estate of Hugh Shaw, deceased.—The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the said Court to make distribution of the fund paid into Court in satisfaction of the mortgage given in the proceedings in the partition of the said decedent's estate to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte on Thursday, the 14th day of August, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., where all parties interested can attend if they so desire.
H. H. HARSHBERGER,
16 28 3t Auditor,

Miscellaneous.

A. V. SMITH,
(Successor to Harry Teats & Co.)
GROCER,
61 High Street,
OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
16 13tf

NOTICE.—Samuel Musser, of the township of Ferguson and the county of Centre, has applied to the Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for twelve acres of unimproved land situated in said township of Ferguson and county of Centre, bounded by lands of Frederick Gates' estate on the east, Shorb, Stewart & Co. on the south, David Harpster's estate on the west and lands of said Samuel Musser on the north.
16 19tf

INSURANCE.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength nd security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER
Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

$11,950
IN CASH
GIVEN AWAY
To the SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.
The genuine has picture of BULL on every package.
For particulars see our next announcement.
16 6 1y

HARRISBURG
EYE and EAR
HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY,
25 N. Third St., HARRISBURG, PA.
Near Grand Opera House.
H. L. STICKEL, M. D.,
Oculist. Aurist.
The HARRISBURG EYE and EAR HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY is located in the City of Harrisburg, directly in the heart of the city, and on the greatest thoroughfare. It contains an elegant suit of offices, one dark room for ophthalmoscopic examinations, and three wards with an abundance of comfortable woven wire spring beds, and private rooms for the accommodation of patients who may be compelled to remain for treatment, and is under the charge of Dr. H. L. STICKEL, who is a matriculate of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor; graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, late Surgeon to the Harrisburg Hospital, late Surgeon of the Travelers' Accident Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn., now Surgeon and Oculist to the HARRISBURG EYE and EAR HOSPITAL and INFIRMARY, and a successful practicing physician in Harrisburg during the past twelve years.
Surgeon in Charge: H. L. STICKEL, M. D.,
No. 25 North Third Street.
Assistant Physicians: Dr. GEO. E. SHOEMAKER, Dr. E. M. SHEILS.
16 17 1y*

W. P. Duncan & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
Steam Engines,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
5 46s13-4f.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—August has arrived safely.

—The Spring Mills Academy has more than 50 students.

—The skating rink building is progressing to completion quite rapidly.

—The Cresson excursionists on Thursday had a very enjoyable time.

—Mr. A. J. Cruse has finished the foundation for his new house on Lamb street.

—The new iron fence in front of Judge A. O. Furst's Linn street residence is very handsome.

—Bellefonte takes less interest in base ball than any other town of similar size in the United States.

—It is reported that the corn crop in Nittany and Penns valleys is not as excellent as the farmers desire.

—John Wolf, a resident of Sugar Valley, aged 84 years, cut 300 sheaves of grain during the harvest just ended.

—Each succeeding communication from "Web," of Loveville, seems to be better than the one that preceded it.

—The M. E. church at Fillmore will hold a festival next Saturday afternoon and evening to which all are invited.

—Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cook welcomed another little stranger to their home a few days ago. The new arrival is a son.

—150 eggs from 35 hens since April is the record kept by Mr. Daniel Ulrich, Sr., of Millheim. Those hens are worth their weight in gold.

—A Blaine and Logan pole points toward the zenith from Snow Shoe. It was elevated on the 28th ult., by the patriotic Republicans of that place.

—Evangelical camp-meeting in Jacob Gephart's woods, north of Millheim, beginning Thursday, August 21, under management of Rev. J. M. Ettinger.

—The gate leading from the street into the grounds surrounding the spring is adapted splendidly for children to swing on, and they make good use of it, too.

—Simon Wolf and William Noll, of Madisonburg, are each engaged in building operations and as a result the "burg" will be graced with two comfortable dwelling houses.

—Rev. W. F. D. Noble, pastor of the M. E. church of Snow Shoe, is highly delighted because a son and heir arrived at his house the other day. Nobly done, Reverend Sir.

—A lady who don't like political literature refused the other day to read a telegram from Cleveland, Ohio, because she thought it was about the Democratic Governor of New York.

—The Larimer Brothers, Rush and Will, have a new livery and stable in the rear of the Bush House. It will be a convenience to the hotel and we doubt not that they Will do a Rushing business.

—The community of Millheim and vicinity are mourning the death of Mr. Samuel Winters, the venerable father of Mrs. Michael Ulrich, of that place. He had been a member of the Lutheran church 26 years, was an Odd Fellow and died at the age of 76.

—Out at Gillentown, not far from Snow Shoe, a committee of seven gentlemen are investigating the death of that Hungarian who fell into the deep cut two weeks ago, and now an exchange would like to know if Gillentown is the county seat of Centre county.

—While in Orbisonia on Monday evening Gen. Beaver was serenaded by the band, and called upon by numerous citizens regardless of party affiliations. At the urgent request of many he made an address on general topics, which was heartily received.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

—The picnic held under the auspices of the Zion band on Saturday evening was well attended and quite enjoyable. The dancing was continued until a late hour at night, a large number from Bellefonte participating. The music was furnished by Frank Deitrick on the violin and Miss Emma Swartz on the organ, and was excellent.

—The Rebersburg band indulged in a picnic in Kreamer's woods, on Saturday, the 26th ult. In addition to the Rebersburg band the Millheim band was also present to discourse excellent music. There were addresses by Revs. Aurand and Zimmerman and D. F. Fortney, Esq. Large swings put up for the occasion and a cake walk participated in by a large number added greatly to the enjoyment.

Sunday in Camp.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, last year, wrote from the G. A. R. camp at Gettysburg the following description of the scenes and incidents in camp on Sunday. It will afford our readers an idea of what they may expect on Sunday, August 17, when the same organization, in perhaps even larger numbers, will be encamped on the Fair ground in this place. The *Inquirer* says:

"At 10 o'clock, headed by the Weccacoe Band, the comrades fell into line and marched to the rostrum erected in the National Cemetery, where regular religious services were held. The hymns were such as were familiar to all, and in which all heartily joined in singing, accompanied by the band. The sermon by Comrade Rev. W. H. Sherman was a fine one, his text being Judges 9th chap., 34th verse, and was listened to by an audience as reverent and appreciative as he would have had before him in his own church. The illustrations and deductions drawn from the text were exceedingly appropriate to the gathering before the reverend speaker, and his peroration was eloquent and touching. During the afternoon many visitors were in camp, but the great attraction was the dress parade held at 6 o'clock, and the sacred concert that was given immediately after.

"At the appointed hour the parade was formed at the foot of the hill back of headquarters, with Post 2's guard in the right of the line, the ceremony being conducted by the Department officers, after which the line broke into columns by companies and passed in review before the Department Commander. Looking down at the scene from the top of the hill just as the sun was setting, the moving of many colors, the steady tramp of the men who had not forgotten how to march, the soft strains of music and the immediate surroundings of the camp, formed a picture that was witnessed by fully three thousand persons, a majority of whom were ladies.

"Nor was the sacred concert less enjoyable. For two hours, from a platform in front of the headquarters, the sweet tones of 'Nearer my God, to Thee,' 'In the Sweet Bye and Bye,' and of other tunes appropriate to the evening were wafted through the still air and formed a fitting ending to a Sunday in camp."

The Gentleman's Dancing Class Hop.

The record of brilliant events in Bellefonte numbers none which can compare with the Gentleman's Dancing Class Hop which occurred at the Bush House on Friday evening. Every train on Friday brought a large number of gentlemen and ladies from a distance, each of whom came to do honor to the occasion by their presence. Our sister cities of Lock Haven, Williamsport, Tyrone and Altoona were well represented, Lock Haven perhaps by the largest number, a delegation of sixteen fair daughters from that city arriving on the 5 o'clock p. m. train. There were also several from a great distance. These delegations numbered in all about 50 persons and added measurably to the brilliancy of the event. There were about 75 Bellefonte ladies and gentlemen present. Prof. Jules Neff's orchestra from Altoona rendered very satisfactory music and the dance was participated in by all present. At 10:30 o'clock the pleasure was at its height and the scene in the ball room was brilliant in the extreme. Silks, satins, laces and jewels flashed in the brilliant electric light, combining to make a scene of fairy-land grandeur. Because of the number present and the extreme elegance of the toilets as well as of the great personal beauty of their fair wearers, we must be excused from giving even a passing reference to each one, and shall instance only Miss Mame Leonard, of Davenport, Iowa, whose costume was such a combination of rare elegance and beauty as to attract universal admiration. Among our Bellefonte ladies Miss Sallie Hoffer was noticeable, and her elegant and very tasteful attire was conceded to be one of the most successful creations of the *modiste's* art. But all were so brilliant and attractive that any one of the fair ladies there would be considered the most attractive, were the other fair charmers away.

The refreshments were choice and elegant, reflecting credit on Mr. Teller. The Dancing Class was reorganized without change with the sole addition of Mr. Blumer of Altoona to the committee of arrangements.

—Miss Helen Luther, who is the guest of Miss Sallie Hoffer, is one of the most accomplished musicians who has visited Bellefonte for a long time. Her voice is sweet and magnificent and her vocalization highly artistic. She is equally proficient in instrumental performances and the piano under her touch gives forth its most inspiring melody.

A Great Throng Expected.

It is yet two weeks previous to the G. A. R. encampment, but of those Posts who have already signified their intention to be in Bellefonte at that time an attendance of more than 3,000 soldiers is certain. There are more than 1,000 veterans in Centre county, all of whom will be here, in addition to which the following have written letters of acceptance:

No. 51, Philadelphia (Bellefonte club), 100; No. 64, Williamsport, 150, with band; No. 385, Williamsport, 50 No. 390, Williamsport, (colored), 40; No. 122, Lock Haven, 175, with band; No. 379, Logansville, 30; No. 247, Mifflinburg and No. 52, Lewistown, 100, with band; No. 148, Selinsgrove, 40; No. 129, Milton, 60; No. 225, Watsontown, 55; No. 62, Altoona, 90, with band; No. 426, Bells Mills, 40, with band; No. 293, Houtzdale, 75; No. 296, Belleville, 45; No. 172, Tyrone, 80; No. 176, Lewistown, 60; No. 44, Huntingdon, 65; No. 349, Jersey Shore, 40; Pittsburg Posts will send 400 and the Philadelphia Posts about 700, making the grand total, thus far reported, 2,455, exclusive of Centre county Posts. But during the intervening two weeks many more will be reported, showing that so far as the attendance of veterans is concerned the encampment is already an ensured success.

It is quite probable that there will be reduced rates of fare on all railroads.

The Mifflinburg and Lewisburg Posts report that they will come on the new railroad as far as Centre Hall and march in genuine military style from that point to Bellefonte.

Off for Gettysburg.

On Friday at 5 o'clock more than fifty member of company B departed in a special car attached to the mail for Camp Gettysburg. They took with them an immense quantity of baggage, including a camp stool for each man, and sufficient rations, we suppose, packed in the large boxes to last for one day. Among the officers who went with the company were Col. Hastings, Adjutant Hale, Capt. Mullen, Lieut. Geissinger and Corporal Van Pelt. G. G. McMillen, W. Crow, W. E. Gray, James Hughes, M. F. Kelley, E. S. Swartz, Harry Keller and other well known gentlemen figured as privates in the ranks. It required a long time for all the baggage to be disposed of properly and the train moved out considerably behind time. To add to the delay, when the train had started off at a high rate of speed it was discovered that a brakeman had been left behind. He ran rapidly after the vanishing coaches, but could not catch them. At length the fact was discovered, the wild gesticulations of the pursuing brakeman were obeyed and the train came to a stand-still. The brakeman quickly leaped on the rear coach and the train moved on.

The members of Company B made a creditable appearance and they seemed to be in very happy spirits when they took their departure. We are quite sure that they will rank among the very best companies belonging to the Fifth Regiment or the entire National Guard represented at the encampment.

Strange Freak of a Railroad Passenger.

The fast line, due at Altoona at 12.20 a. m., remarks the *Tribune* of that city, was delayed on Monday night by a freight wreck at New Florence, and did not get here until 3.30 o'clock Tuesday morning. While it was lying at Bolivar station a singular incident occurred. A man occupying a seat in the smoking car arose and went to another part of the car. Returning in a few minutes he found the seat he had recently vacated occupied and the occupant apparently snoozing. He looked at the intruder for a few minutes and then exclaimed: "Well, if that man has a better right to that seat than I have he can have it and I'll leave the train." Several parties offered the man a portion of their seat, but he declined in each instance with thanks, and presently went to the platform of the car, stepped to the ground, and disappeared in the darkness, leaving behind him a valise and other articles. He didn't return, and nothing has been heard of him since. The general opinion among the passengers was that the man was crazy. He had a ticket from some point in the west to New York city.

—About one hundred will be all that can go through "the caves" in any one day during the encampment As Tuesday is the day set apart for at least one excursion there and it will require a good many spring wagons, carriages and hacks to take all of those going, all comrades who can furnish wagons or carriages, and any persons who can furnish hacks for the trip please notify John I. Curtin or H. H. Benner, Bellefonte, at an early date, so that all the details of the trip can be arranged.

The Electrical Show.

Among the many exhibits that will attract the attention of the visitor to the International Electrical Exhibition, which opens in Philadelphia on September 2, will be a synchronous multiplex telegraph machine, which enables the operator to send seventy-two distinct messages over one wire at the same time. Over one hundred dynamo machines in full operation will be shown. A collection of the first inventions that were applied to electricity up to those of the present day will also be a prominent feature. One of the most remarkable inventions, and one that will interest grown people and children alike is a display promised by a foreign inventor of an incubator for hatching chickens by electricity, which will be in full operation throughout the entire exhibition. Edison's historical dynamo machine, "Jumbo," the largest of its kind in the world, will also be on exhibition. This is the great 30-ton dynamo that attracted the greatest interest at the Paris exposition. The work is being pushed rapidly forward and in a few days some of the exhibits will be placed in position.

Amusements.

The young ladies of our borough are making preparations for a leap year hop to occur on Tuesday evening, August 12.

Proprietor McMillen, of the Brockerhoff House, will probably give a grand ball at his commodious hotel as soon as the war in which he is now participating is ended.

The Gentlemen's Dancing Class promises another enjoyable hop in the near future.

During the encampment a ball will be given in Armory Hall which will doubtless be the grandest affair of the season.

All things considered, there are promises of a lively time for Bellefonte during the glorious month of August.

—Sunday was a great day at Gettysburg. In addition to the thousands of soldiers who are tenting on the camp ground, there were 10,000 visitors on the ground during the day. The location is superb for the encampment, and the three brigades encamping together is considered much better than last year when the encampments were at three different places. The public drill and parade which occurred on Sunday was conceded by all hands to be magnificent. Only one accident marred the proceedings, Col. A. H. Stead, of the Twelfth regiment, being thrown from his horse, fracturing his leg and inflicting a painful flesh wound.

The Delegate Elections.

On Saturday the delegates were elected to the Republican county convention to meet in this place on Thursday, the 14th. The chief interest centred around the President Judgeship. Thus far a sufficient number of voting precincts have been heard from to show that a large majority of the delegates will be favorable to the candidacy of A. O. Furst, Esq. The precincts thus far heard from indicate that they will send 56 delegates favorable to Furst and 12 favorable to Love. Bellefonte borough was evenly divided, 5 Furst delegates, 5 Love delegates and one Independent being elected.

Philipsburg Pickings.

Philipsburg is proud of her fire department.

The Philipsburg Methodists held their 2d quarterly meeting on Sunday.

Mrs. James Passmore and Mrs. John Ramsdale have returned home from a visit to England.

Mr. C. T. Fryberger has greatly improved the old Barr property which he recently purchased.

—The principal topic of conversation on the streets last Monday morning was the great performance of Maud S, in Cleveland on Saturday. The fact that she had eclipsed "Jay-Eye-See" so soon after the latter animal had made such a remarkable record on the turf is considered of great importance. One mile trot in 2:09¼ is, up to the present time, the fastest on record.

—Near Snow Shoe Intersection, not far from Bellefonte, there is a huge solid rock out of which grows a pine tree about three inches in diameter. It is remarkable because it has apparently pushed itself through the solid rock from which it draws its life and seems to be in a flourishing condition. Messrs. Foster, Wilkinson and Wagner found this curiosity while shooting copperhead snakes the other day.

—The drinking fountain for man and beast is being erected in the Diamond and will be a very beautiful addition to that part of the town.

—The State dental association which met at Wilkesbarre last week decided on Cresson for the place of holding next year's meeting.

Personal Pencilings.

Miss Holmes, of Birmingham, Pa., is visiting friends in Bellefonte.

D. W. Seiler, of Harrisburg, is Secretary of the State Agricultural Society.

Miss Bond, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the home of Robert Valentine.

Mr. Nelson Williams, of Lemont, tarried a short time in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Mr. Miller, of Spiece, Miller & Co., Philadelphia, was observed in Bellefonte on Thursday.

Col. Ed Pruner, of Tyrone, says that everything looks lovely for the election of Jim Blaine.

Commander Austin Curtin seems to be determined to make the approaching G. A. R. encampment a grand success.

Rev. R. Crittenden, the Sunday school missionary, returned from Clinton county on Wednesday evening.

Miss Burrows, of Williamsport, who has been the guest of Mrs. Crider, on Linn street, departed Monday morning, July 28.

Miss Williams, one of Huntingdon's most lovely and accomplished daughters, is the guest of Miss Celia Armor, in this place.

Miss Milliken, daughter of Samuel Milliken, of New York, arrived on Monday, July 28, and is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Isaiah Clark, foreman of the cutting department of the Glass Works, departed on Thursday for a visit to Atlantic City.

Rev. G. T. Gray and family, of Huntingdon, are visiting in Half Moon, this county, at the residence of Mr. Gray's mother.

Rev. Hal. Orbison, son of Mrs. N. Orbison, of this place, is in town after an absence extending through all the past winter and spring.

Rev. Mr. Beach assisted Rev. William Laurie, during the Communion service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning, July 27.

Dr. A. Hibler celebrated his —— birthday on Friday. It was ushered in with a very fine daybreak serenade by that celebrated virtuoso, Mr. R. A. Beck.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wescott have moved from their late residence on High street into very pleasant apartments in Brockerhoff's building on Bishop street.

Mr. Bond Valentine has in his possession fac-simile copies of "proposals" for fire insurance issued in 1775. They were not issued by him, but by one of the companies he represents.

Miss Dora Belcher, a charming young lady from Charlotte, Michigan, is the guest of Miss Sallie Hoffer. She arrived on Wednesday evening and expects to remain until after the G. A. R. encampment.

Miss Lula Harper, accompanied by her friend, Miss Bessie Ivens, went to Lock Haven Wednesday morning to remain a few days. Miss Ivens' home is in Lock Haven and she has been paying Miss H. a visit.

Dr. J. W. Rhone, who was in attendance on the sessions of the State Dental Convention at Wilkesbarre, has received the honor of being elected Vice President of that body. The honor is worthily bestowed.

Mr. George Stevens, a young enterprising merchant from Julian, spent a short time in Bellefonte on Wednesday. He is the successor of John C. Hoover in the mercantile business and is rapidly building up a large trade.

Mr. C. G. McMillen, President of the Bellefonte Base Ball Association, proprietor of the famous Brockerhoff House and pleasant citizen generally, arrived home last week after a month's visit in the good Republican State of Ohio.

One of the handsomest gentlemen at the depot last Thursday morning was J. L. Spangler, Esq., who entered the train for Lock Haven. His stylish high white hat was even more imposing than usual and if the *tout ensemble* don't impress the lady in question we say she isn't worth going so far to see.

Miss Ellen Marshall, a lady who is well known and much esteemed in this community, departed for Abilene, Kas., on Wednesday, where she will visit among friends for an indefinite period. Miss Marshall is a daughter of Mr. Joseph Marshall of Benner township, and a niece of Mrs. Longwell, of this borough.

Gen. James A. Beaver, of Bellefonte, and his three sons, arrived here in a carriage on Saturday and stopped with Wm. P. Orbison, Esq. They leave to-day for Obisonia, and after visiting relatives there, will ride to McAllisterville, Juniata county, and thence to Gettysburg, where the State military encampment will be held.—*Huntingdon Local News.*

Personal Pencilings.

Dr. J. W. Rhone returned from Wilkesbarre Friday evening.

Misses Ball and Harris, of Lock Haven, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. T. C. Houtz, of Rock Springs, was a visitor in Bellefonte on Friday.

Major Harry Forster, of Harrisburg, recently visited friends in Centre Hall.

Miss Watson, an accomplished lady from Williamsport, is a guest at the home of Mrs. D. G. Bush.

Dr. Atherton, President of Pennsylvania State College, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday morning.

Rev. Prof. D. M. Wolf was in Bellefonte on Friday evening and spent some time with his friend, Rev. J. F. DeLong.

Miss Sarah Bradley rendered a vocal solo very excellently during the services in the Episcopal church on Sunday evening.

Sheriff Dunkle was visible in the vicinity of Snow Shoe on Thursday. The Sheriff is a general favorite and is welcomed wherever he goes.

Another young lady guest is visiting Miss Sallie Hoffer and one whose presence will be welcomed by all who are acquainted with her,—Miss Helen Luther, of Ashland, Ohio. This young lady was the guest of Miss Hoffer last year and she has many warm friends here. She arrived on Saturday evening and will remain several weeks.

Miss Nellie Larimer, a young lady who is an acknowledged favorite in Bellefonte, arrived Friday night on the 9 o'clock train from Davenport, Iowa, where she has been tarrying since the commencement of her school vacation. She was accompanied by a friend, Miss Mame Leonard of that city, who will visit in Bellefonte during the next few weeks.

J. L. Spangler, Esq., returned from Lock Haven on Friday at 5 o'clock. His mission to that city was not solely one of pleasure after all an important arbitration of the City of Philadelphia vs. White, Lentz & White, of Williamsport, in which he is counsel in connection with Hon. Robt. P. Allen, of Williamsport, Senator S. R. Peale, of Lock Haven, and others, being among the causes which attracted him thither. But it is not every attorney who has the pleasure of coming from an uninteresting law arbitration in such delightful company as he had from L. H.

A Furst Man Missed.

MARTHA, July 24, 1884.

MR. EDITOR: I see in your paper of a late date quite a long list of names of persons who have expressed themselves for A. O. Furst, Esq., as candidate for President Judge of this district, which makes a good show, but hope it will not be understood to include all who are Furst men. How I was missed when the neighborhood was canvassed am not able to say, but nevertheless want it distinctly understood I shall do all I can for A. O. Furst if a candidate for Judge of the 49th Judicial District.

W. S. WILLIAMS.

—A comparatively slight amount of illness exists in Bellefonte when it is compared with other cities and towns. We must attribute this to the natural grade of every street and the salubrious location, and not to any strict surveillance which is exerted over the town by the borough authorities. There are many streets which can and should be put in better condition—some upon which we cannot remember any work having been done for three years past.

—A fellow named J. R. Hoffer, who lives in Mount Joy, Pa., and who calls himself an editor, says: "Be not given to telling great things for it will have a tendency to weaken the confidence of others." Of course, we'll obey your injunction, Mr. H.; we'll retain all the "great things" in our mind and impart only trifles to the public, and thus gain their confidence. Is that what you mean?

—How numerous the birds are this summer! Every morning at sunrise their cheerful music is heard from the tree bough or wherever they make their abiding place. They are very tame, too; and gather at the kitchen door daily, waiting for crumbs. No visitors of summer are more welcome than the birds.

—We hear it said that one of the horses driven from Philipsburg to Snow Shoe recently, in such a short space of time on a bet, has since died. If this be true we should think this a very good case for the society for prevention of cruelty to animals.—*Clearfield Republican.*

MARRIED.

HANEY—LEMON.—On July 15, 1884, by Rev. W. R. Whitney, Mr. James T. Haney, of Tyrone, Pa., and Miss Mary T. Lemon, of Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa.

BAISOR—KOON.—On July 15, 1884, by Rev. W. R. Whitney, Mr. G. W. Baisor, of Buffalo Run, Centre Co., Pa., and Miss Kate Koon, of Pleasant Gap, Centre county, Pa.